

## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: DAWN GARRETT Examiner #: 76107 Date: 5/17/2005  
 Art Unit: 1774 Phone Number 302-1523 Serial Number: 10/807,804  
 Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: Rensselaer 10C 79 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

\*\*\*\*\*

Please provide a detailed statement of the search topic, and describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Include the elected species or structures, keywords, synonyms, acronyms, and registry numbers, and combine with the concept or utility of the invention. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples or relevant citations, authors, etc., if known. Please attach a copy of the cover sheet, pertinent claims, and abstract.

Title of Invention: Aminostyrylnaphthalene compound

Inventors (please provide full names): MARI ICHI IMURA  
TANAKA ISHI RASHI, SHINICHIRO TAMURA

Earliest Priority Filing Date: 3/24/03

\*For Sequence Searches Only\* Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.

Please search

Formula A shown in claim 1.

SCIENTIFIC REFERENCE BR  
 Sci & Tech Inf. Ctr.  
 MAY 19 REC'D  
 Pat. & T.M. Office

STAFF USE ONLY		Type of Search	Vendors and cost where applicable
Searcher:	<u>WU</u>	NA Sequence (#)	STN <u>431969</u>
Searcher Phone #:		AA Sequence (#)	Dialog
Searcher Location:		Structure (#)	Questel/Orbit
Date Searcher Picked Up:	<u>5/25/05</u>	Bibliographic	Dr.Link
Date Completed:	<u>5/26/05</u>	Litigation	Lexis/Nexis
Searcher Prep & Review Time:	<u>90</u>	Fulltext	Sequence Systems
Clerical Prep Time:	<u>30</u>	Patent Family	WWW/Internet
Online Time:		Other	Other (specify)



# STIC Search Report

EIC 1700

STIC Database Tracking Number: 10/807,984

TO: Dawn Garrett  
Location: REM 10C79  
Art Unit : 1774  
May 26, 2005

10/807,984

Case Serial Number: 10/807784

From: Usha Shrestha  
Location: EIC 1700  
REMSEN 4B28  
Phone: 571/272-3519  
[usha.shrestha@uspto.gov](mailto:usha.shrestha@uspto.gov)

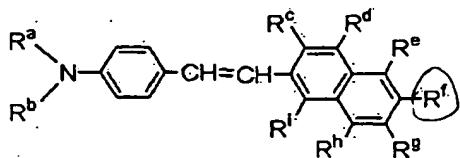
Search Notes

10/807,984

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An organic electroluminescent device comprising an anode, a cathode, and an organic layer arranged between said anode and said cathode, wherein at least a part of said organic layer comprises at least one aminostyrylnaphthalene compound represented by the following formula [A]:

Formula [A]



wherein:

R<sup>a</sup> and R<sup>b</sup> may be the same or different and each independently represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group,

R<sup>c</sup>, R<sup>d</sup>, R<sup>e</sup>, R<sup>g</sup>, R<sup>h</sup> and R<sup>i</sup> may be the same or different, at least one of R<sup>c</sup>, R<sup>d</sup>, R<sup>e</sup>, R<sup>g</sup>, R<sup>h</sup> and R<sup>i</sup> independently represents a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, a trifluoromethyl group or a halogen atom, and the remaining one or ones of R<sup>c</sup>, R<sup>d</sup>, R<sup>e</sup>, R<sup>g</sup>, R<sup>h</sup> and R<sup>i</sup>, if any, are each a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, a nitro group, a trifluoromethyl group or a halogen atom, and

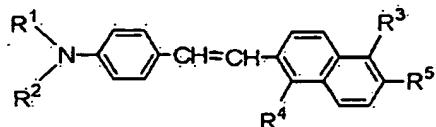
R<sup>f</sup> represents a substituted or unsubstituted, saturated or unsaturated alkyl group, a substituted or

unsubstituted alicyclic hydrocarbon group, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted alicyclic hydrocarbyloxy group or a substituted or unsubstituted aromatic hydrocarbyloxy group.

## 2. The organic electroluminescent device

according to claim 1, wherein at least said part of said organic layer comprises at least one aminostyrylnaphthalene compound represented by the following formula [I], [II] or [III]:

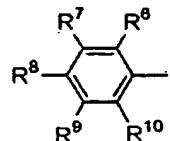
### Formula [I]



wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> may be the same or different and each independently represents a phenyl group represented by the following formula (1):

### Formula (1)



wherein R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> may be the same or

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:29:26 ON 26 MAY 2005  
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
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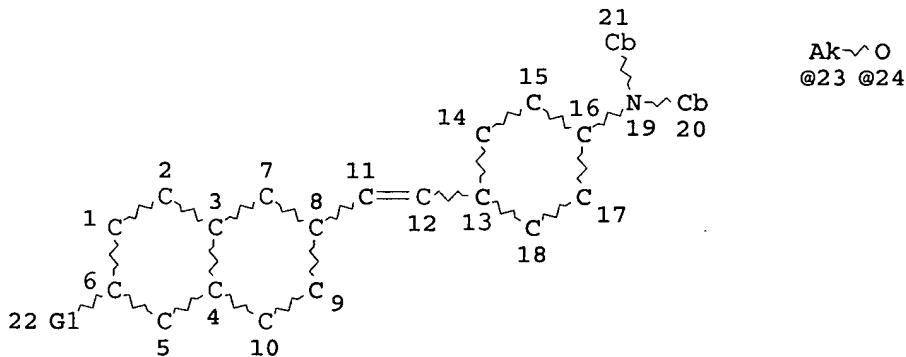
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L1 STR

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:14:31 ON 26 MAY 2005  
L2 7 S L1  
L3 STR L1  
L4 7 S L3  
L5 107 S L3 FUL  
SAV L5 GAR984/A

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:35:27 ON 26 MAY 2005  
L6 40 S L5  
L7 1 S US20040265627/PN  
L8 1 S L7 AND L6  
L9 22 S L6 AND (?LUMINES? OR ?EMIT? OR LUMINES? OR OLED? OR L(?LUMINES?  
OR ?EMIT? OR  
LUMINES? OR OLED? OR LED OR LIGHT?)  
L10 18 S L6 NOT L9  
L11 17 S L6 AND DEV/RL  
L12 16 S L6 AND OPTIC?/SC,SX  
L13 22 S L9 OR L12

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:29:26 ON 26 MAY 2005

=> d que 16  
L3 STR



Cb~^O  
@27 @28

VAR G1=AK/CB/23/24/27/28  
NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
GGCAT IS SAT AT 27  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L5 107 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L3  
L6 40 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L5

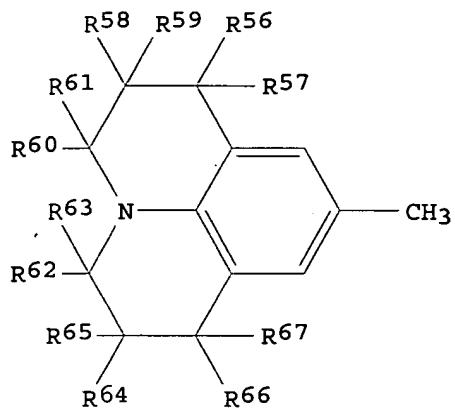
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USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.  
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=> d 113 1-22 ibib abs hitstr hitind

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:302673 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:382308  
TITLE: White-emitting organic  
electroluminescent devices and  
displays showing little chromaticity change  
INVENTOR(S): Asaki, Akio; Kashiwabara, Mitsuhiro  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 32 pp.  
CODEN: JKXXAF  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: Japanese  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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JP 2005093348	A2	20050407	JP 2003-328242	2003 0919
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-328242	2003 0919

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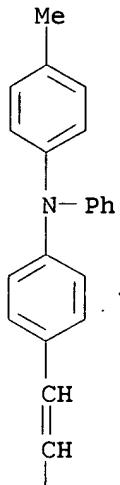
**AB** The devices and displays have organic orange-emitting and blue-emitting layers, where the orange-emitting layers contain hosts comprising  $\geq 1$  organic compds. and guests YCH:CHX [I; X = (substituted) Ph, (substituted) 1- or 2-naphthyl, (substituted) 1-, 2-, 3-, or 9-phenanthrenyl; Y = (N-alkyl or N-aryl)aminophenyl, (substituted) azahexahydrophenalenyl, (substituted) Ph; R58-R72 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.]. Preferably, the hosts comprise red-, green-, and/or blue-emitting hosts, hole transporting substances, and mixts. of the hosts and hole transporting substances. Thus, a white-emitting organic electroluminescent device had an orange-emitting layer containing 9,10-di(2-naphthyl)anthracene as a blue-emitting host and I [X = 9,10-dicyano-6-methyl-3-phenanthrenyl, Y = [4-(4-methylphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl] as a guest.

**IT** **445256-74-6**  
(blue-emitting host for orange-emitting layer; white-emitting organic electroluminescent devices and displays having orange-emitting and blue-emitting layers)

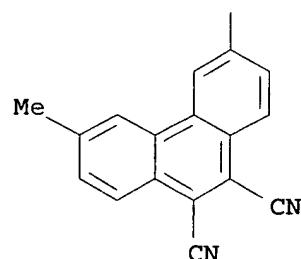
**RN** 445256-74-6 HCPLUS

**CN** 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



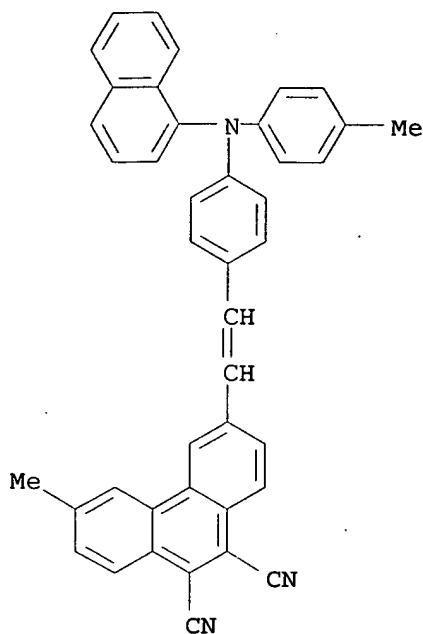
PAGE 2-A



IT 445256-78-0 445256-81-5 445256-83-7  
 637033-83-1 637033-86-4 637033-89-7  
 (guest for orange-emitting layer; white-  
 emitting organic electroluminescent devices and  
 displays having orange-emitting and blue-  
 emitting layers)

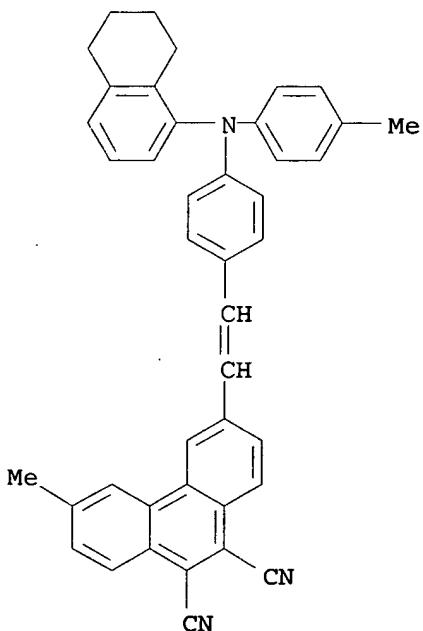
RN 445256-78-0 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenediacarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-  
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 INDEX NAME)



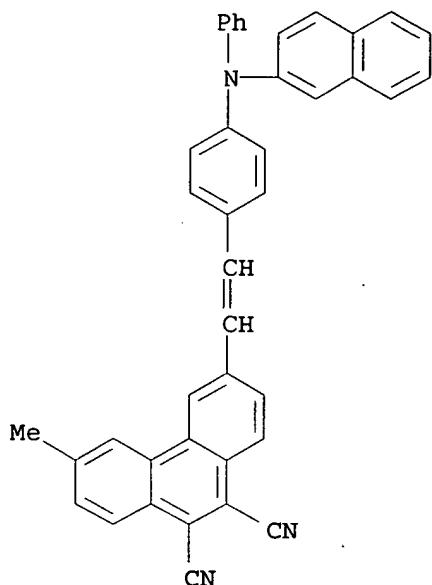
RN 445256-81-5 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 445256-83-7 HCPLUS

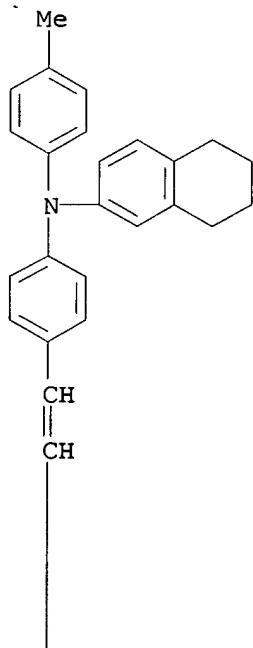
CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-(2-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



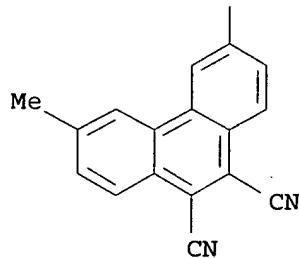
RN 637033-83-1 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-phenylphenoxy)ethoxy]phenyl]ethoxy]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

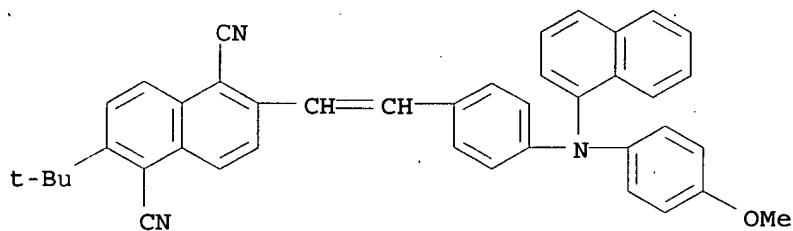


PAGE 2-A



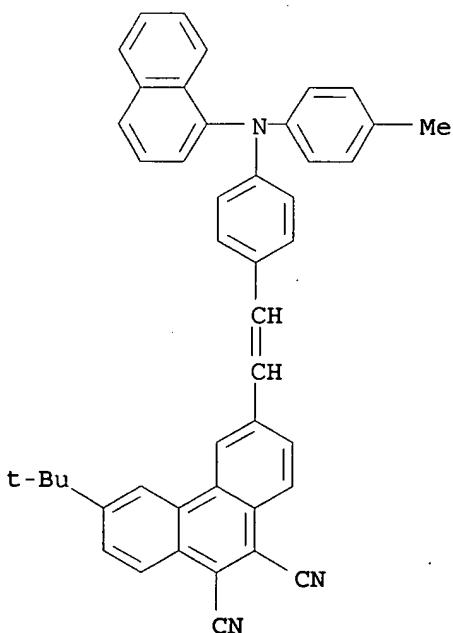
RN 637033-86-4 HCPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-6-[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-naphthalenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 637033-89-7 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-naphthalenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H05B033-14

CC ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-22  
 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)  
 Section cross-reference(s) : 73

ST white org **electroluminescent device** styryl guest; styryl guest white org **electroluminescent display**; orange styryl guest org **electroluminescent device**; blue naphthalanthracene host org **electroluminescent device**; phenylaminophenyl phenanthryl ethene guest org **electroluminescent device**

IT **Electroluminescent devices**  
 (displays; white-emitting organic **electroluminescent devices** and displays having orange-emitting and blue-emitting layers)

IT **Luminescent screens**  
 Luminescent substances  
 (electroluminescent; white-emitting organic **electroluminescent devices** and displays having orange-emitting and blue-emitting layers)

IT **Electroluminescent devices**  
 (white-emitting organic **electroluminescent devices** and displays having orange-emitting and blue-emitting layers)

IT **445256-74-6**  
 (blue-emitting host for orange-emitting layer; white-emitting organic **electroluminescent devices** and displays having orange-emitting and blue-emitting layers)

IT **445256-78-0 445256-81-5 445256-83-7**  
 637033-50-2 637033-54-6 637033-58-0 637033-70-6  
 637033-73-9 637033-78-4 **637033-83-1**  
**637033-86-4 637033-89-7 637033-90-0**  
 (guest for orange-emitting layer; white-emitting organic **electroluminescent devices** and displays having orange-emitting and blue-emitting layers)

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:260371 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:344862  
 TITLE: Organic EL device and display  
 INVENTOR(S): Kashiwabara, Mitsuhiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corporation, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 2005027586	A1	20050324	WO 2004-JP12327	2004 0820

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ,  
 CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG,  
 ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE,  
 KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG,

MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT,  
 RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,  
 TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW  
 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,  
 ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH,  
 CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU,  
 MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,  
 CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

JP 2005100921 A2 20050414 JP 2004-19247

2004  
0128

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2003-298269 A

2003  
0822

JP 2004-19247 A

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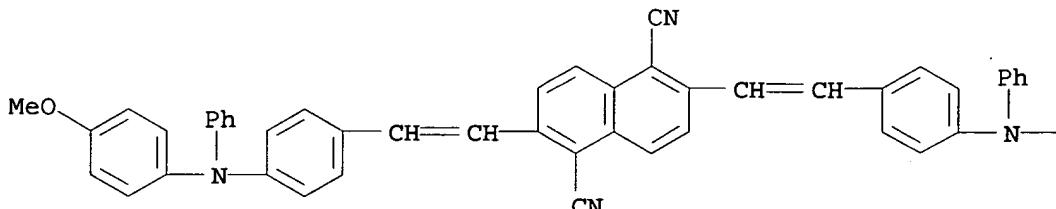
**AB** A red light-emitting layer, a green light-emitting layer and a blue light-emitting layer are arranged in this order between an anode and a cathode, and an intermediate layer composed of an organic material is disposed between the green light-emitting layer and the blue light-emitting layer. The HOMO-LUMO energy gap of the intermediate layer is larger than the HOMO-LUMO energy gap of a green light-emitting material constituting the green light-emitting layer. The intermediate layer has hole transport properties. A display using this organic EL device is provided with a color filter on the light-taking-out surface side. By having such a structure, the organic EL device is capable to produce well-balanced, high luminance three color components, namely red, green and blue emission, which are suitable for a full color display.

**IT** 333339-14-3  
(organic electroluminescent device and display)

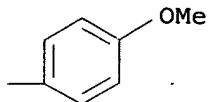
**RN** 333339-14-3 HCPLUS

**CN** 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



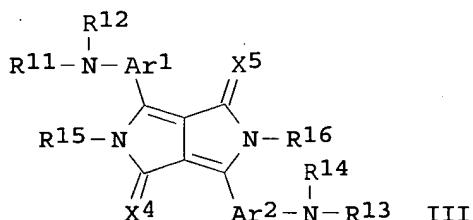
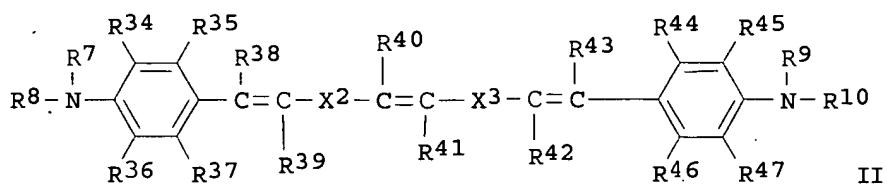
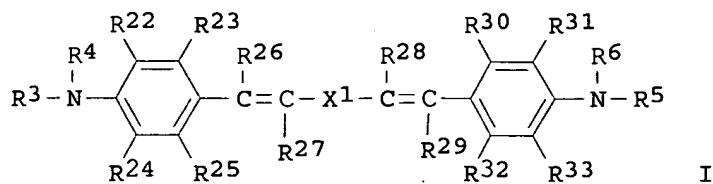
IC ICM H05B033-22  
 ICS H05B033-14; H05B033-12  
 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and  
 Other Related Properties)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 22, 74  
 ST org electroluminescent device display  
 IT Glass substrates  
 Optical imaging devices  
 (organic electroluminescent device and display)  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
 (organic; organic electroluminescent device and display)  
 IT 144810-07-1  
 (organic electroluminescent device and display)  
 IT 2085-33-8, Alq<sub>3</sub> 7439-95-4, Magnesium, properties 7440-22-4,  
 Silver, properties 38215-36-0, Coumarin 6 50926-11-9, ITO  
 123847-85-8, α-NPD 124729-98-2 142289-08-5, DPVBi  
**333339-14-3**  
 (organic electroluminescent device and display)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE  
 FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE  
 IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:235266 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:306146  
 TITLE: Electroluminescent materials  
 containing styryl compounds and  
 diketopyrrolopyrroles, and red-  
 emitting organic  
 electroluminescent devices using them  
 INVENTOR(S): Suda, Yasumasa; Toba, Yasumasa; Tanaka,  
 Hiroaki; Amano, Saneomi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Ink Mfg. Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 65 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005068376	A2	20050317	JP 2003-303555	2003 0827
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-303555	2003 0827

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AB The materials contain styryl compds. I or II (R3-R10 = aliphatic hydrocarbyl, aromatic hydrocarbyl, aliphatic heterocyclyl, aromatic heterocyclyl; X1-X3 = aromatic heterocyclylene; R3R22, R4R24, R5R31, R6R33, R7R34, R8R36, R9R45, and R10R47 may form ring), and diketopyrrolopyrroles III [R11-R16 = H, aliphatic hydrocarbyl, aromatic hydrocarbyl, aliphatic heterocyclyl, aromatic heterocyclyl; X4, X5 = O, (un)substituted imino, (un)substituted CH<sub>2</sub>]. Thus, an organic electroluminescent device having an emitter layer containing I (R3 = R4 = R5 = R6 = OMe, X1 = 2,5-dicyano-1,4-phenylene, other = H) and III (R11 = R12 = R13 = R14 = 4-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, R15 = R16 = H, Ar1 = Ar2 = 1,4-phenylene, X4 = X5 = O) showed high luminescence intensity and color purity at low operation voltage, and lengthened service life.

IT 333339-47-2 847947-19-7 847947-21-1

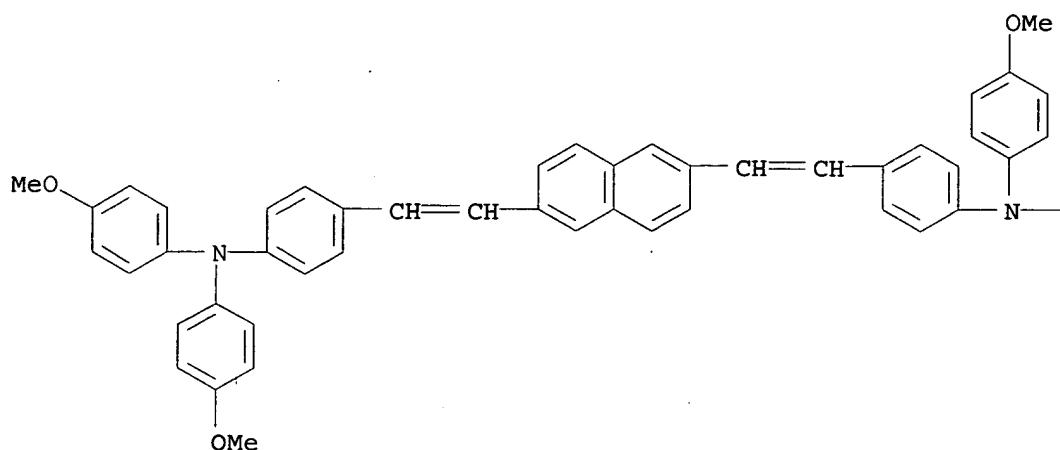
847947-23-3

(electroluminescent materials containing styryl compds.  
and diketopyrrolopyrroles for red-emitting organic  
electroluminescent devices)

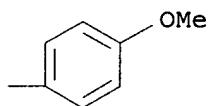
RN 333339-47-2 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediylid-2,1-ethenediyl)bis[N,N-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## PAGE 1-A



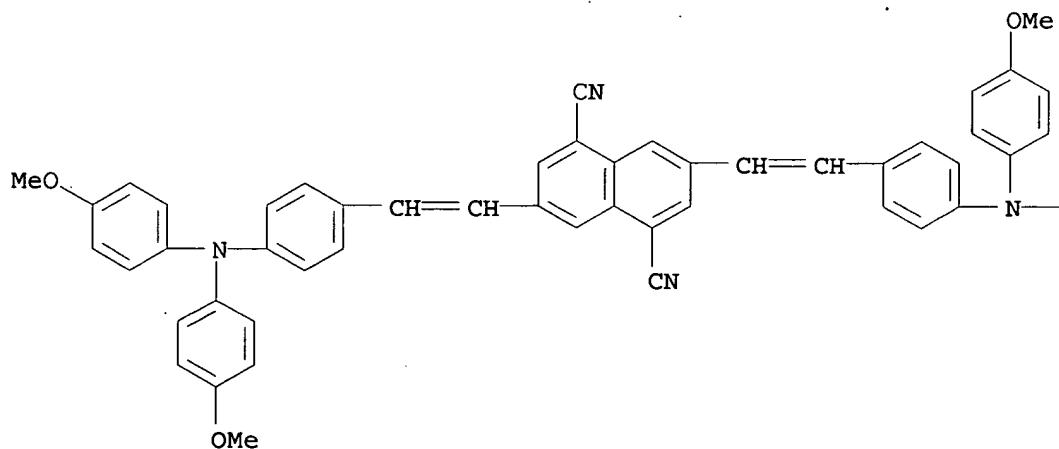
## PAGE 1-B



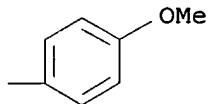
RN 847947-19-7 HCPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 3,7-bis[2-[4-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## PAGE 1-A



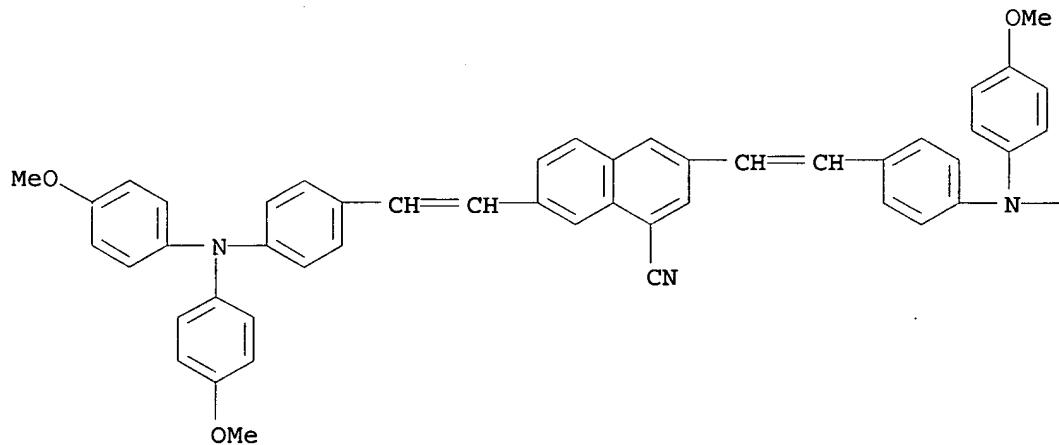
PAGE 1-B



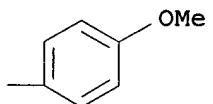
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CN 1-Naphthalenecarbonitrile, 3,7-bis[2-[4-[bis(4-methoxyphenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



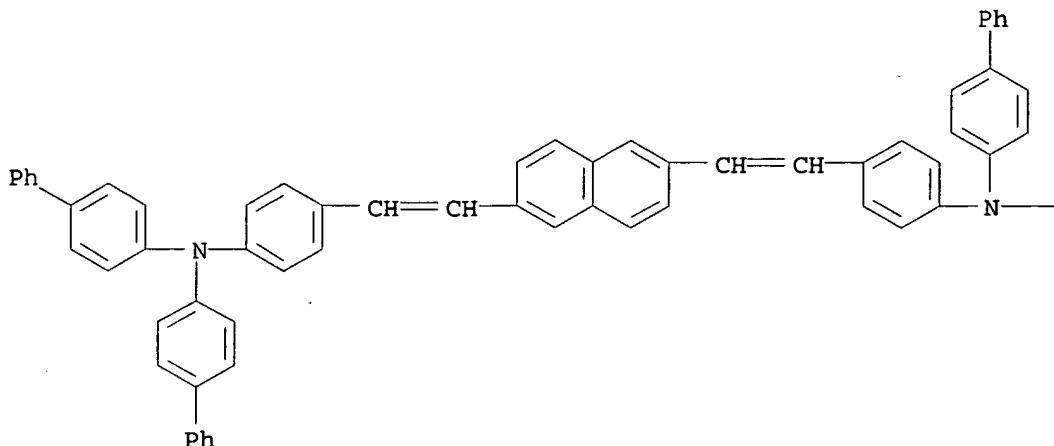
PAGE 1-B



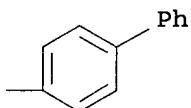
RN 847947-23-3 HCPLUS

CN [1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-amine, N,N'-(2,6-naphthalenediylibis(2,1-ethenediyil-4,1-phenylene))bis[N-(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]

## PAGE 1-A



## PAGE 1-B



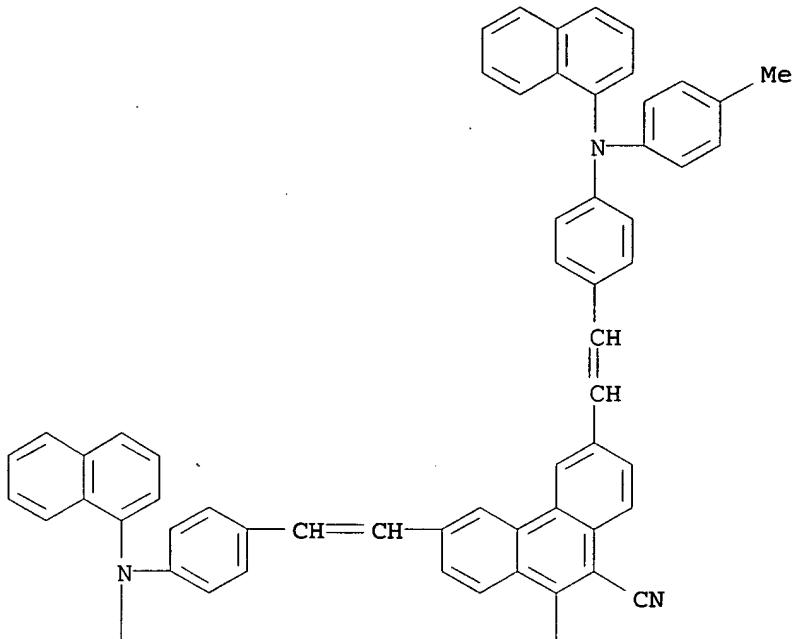
IC ICM C09K011-06  
 ICS H05B033-14  
 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 ST diketopyrrolopyrrole styryl compd red emitting org electroluminescent device  
 IT Luminescent substances (electroluminescent; electroluminescent materials containing styryl compds. and diketopyrrolopyrroles for red-emitting organic electroluminescent devices)  
 IT Electroluminescent devices (red-emitting; electroluminescent materials containing styryl compds. and diketopyrrolopyrroles for red-emitting organic electroluminescent devices)  
 IT 488134-89-0 536761-83-8 847947-24-4 (dopant; electroluminescent materials containing styryl compds. and diketopyrrolopyrroles for red-emitting organic electroluminescent devices)  
 IT 251101-60-7 260255-67-2 260255-69-4 322475-23-0  
 333339-47-2 333426-81-6 333426-92-9 333427-20-6  
 847947-19-7 847947-21-1 847947-23-3 (electroluminescent materials containing styryl compds. and diketopyrrolopyrroles for red-emitting organic electroluminescent devices)

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:116443 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:207353  
 TITLE: Bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes, their synthetic  
 intermediates, and their production methods  
 INVENTOR(S): Ichimura, Mari; Ishibashi, Tadashi; Tamura,  
 Shinichiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 102 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005035927	A2	20050210	JP 2003-274282	
				2003
				0714
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-274282	
				2003
				0714

AB The invention relates to a red-emitting  
 bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrene derivs., and their production method.  
 The compound is suited for use in an electroluminescent  
 display.  
 IT 816431-87-5P  
 (bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes for electroluminescent  
 display)  
 RN 816431-87-5 HCAPLUS  
 CN 9,10-Phenanthredicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-  
 naphthalenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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- IC ICM C07C255-58  
ICS C07C211-57; C07C211-61; C07C253-30; C07F009-38; C07F009-54;  
H05B033-14; C09K011-06
- CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and  
Other Related Properties)  
Section cross-reference(s): 25
- ST bisaminostyryl phenanthrene red emitting intermediate  
prodn
- IT Electroluminescent devices  
(bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes for electroluminescent  
display)
- IT Electroluminescent devices  
(displays; bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes for  
electroluminescent display)
- IT Luminescent screens  
Luminescent substances  
(electroluminescent; bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes  
for electroluminescent display)
- IT 122-52-1, Triethyl phosphite 128-08-5, N-Bromosuccinimide

445256-88-2 445256-91-7  
 (bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes for electroluminescent display)  
 IT 839728-89-1P 839728-92-6P  
 (bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes for electroluminescent display)  
 IT 816431-87-5P  
 (bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes for electroluminescent display)

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:13884 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:102853  
 TITLE: Red-emitting organic electroluminescence devices using bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes  
 INVENTOR(S): Ichimura, Mari; Ishibashi, Tadashi; Tamura, Shinichiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 86 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2005005226	A2	20050106	JP 2003-170219	2003 0616
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-170219	2003 0616

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 142:102853  
 GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT  
 \*

AB The devices include organic layers containing bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes I [R1-R4 = Ph II, 1-naphthyl III, 2-naphthyl IV other than specific combinations of II, III, and IV, e.g., R2 = R3 = R4 = III or IV when R1 = I (definition given);  $\geq 1$  of R7-R11,  $\geq 1$  of R18-R24 = H, C $\geq 1$  (un)saturated hydrocarbyl, C $\geq 1$  (un)saturated hydrocarbyloxy, C $\geq 1$  (un)saturated hydrocarbylamino, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, halo; R5 and/or R6 = H, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, halo]. The I form stable amorphous electron transporting, hole transporting, or emitter layers.  
 IT 816431-87-5 816431-92-2D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816431-97-7D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-01-6D  
 , alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-04-9D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-08-3D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816432-09-4D, alkyl or aryl ethers 816432-11-8D,  
 alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-14-1D, alkyl or aryl

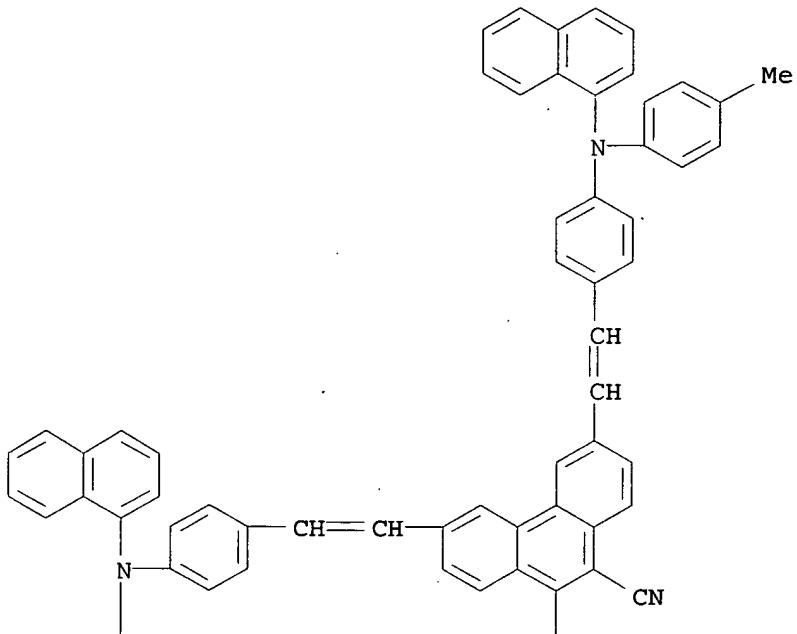
derivs. 816432-17-4D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816432-19-6D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-22-1D  
 , alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-24-3D, alkyl or aryl  
 derivs. 816432-25-4D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816432-27-6D, alkyl or aryl ethers 816432-29-8D,  
 alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-31-2D, alkyl or aryl  
 derivs.

(red-emitting organic electroluminescence  
 devices using bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes)

RN 816431-87-5 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-naphthalenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

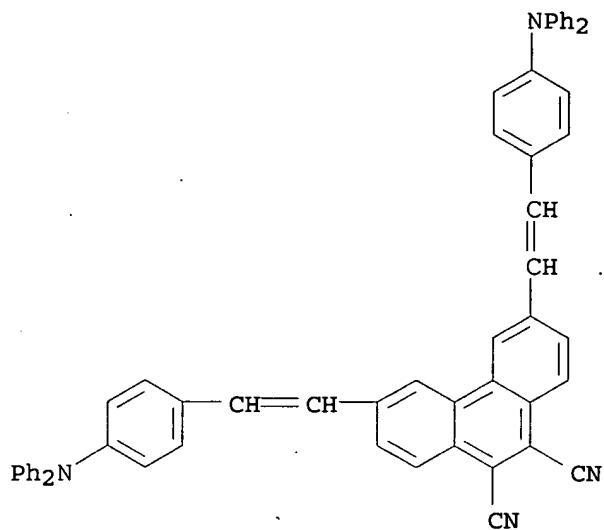


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RN 816431-92-2 HCAPLUS

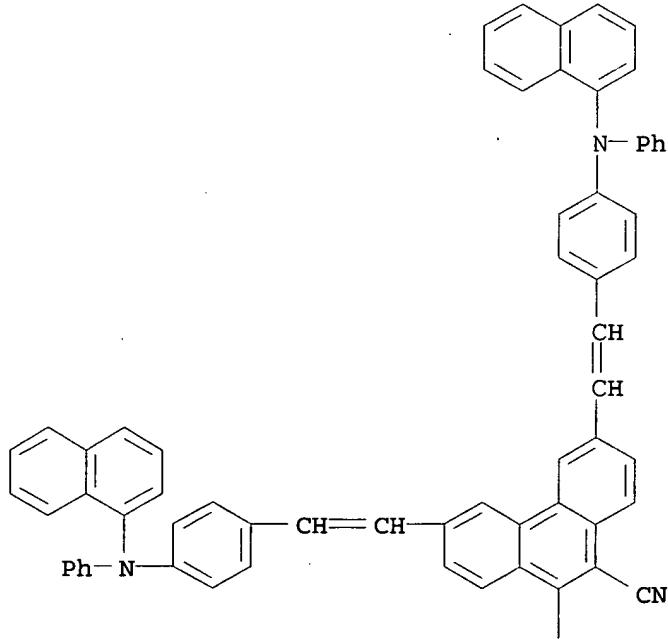
CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 816431-97-7 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(1-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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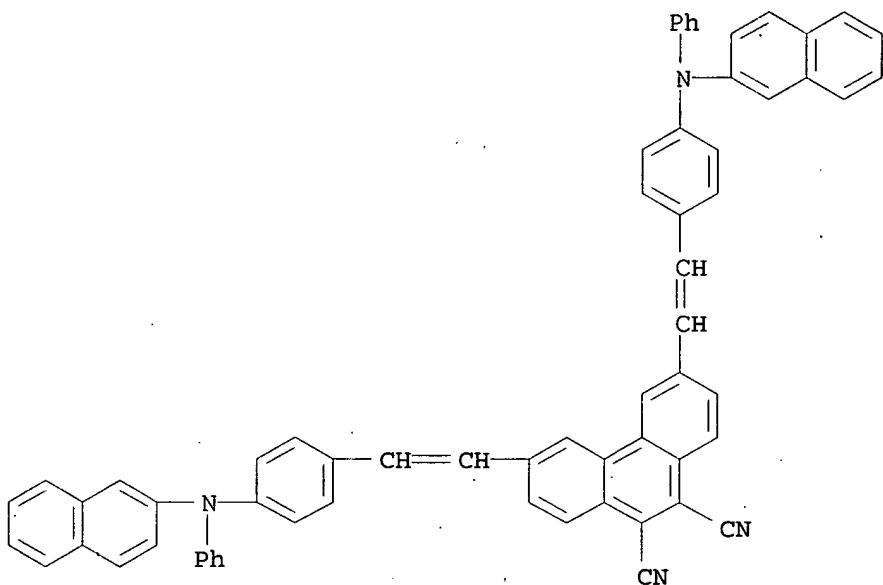


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RN 816432-01-6 HCPLUS

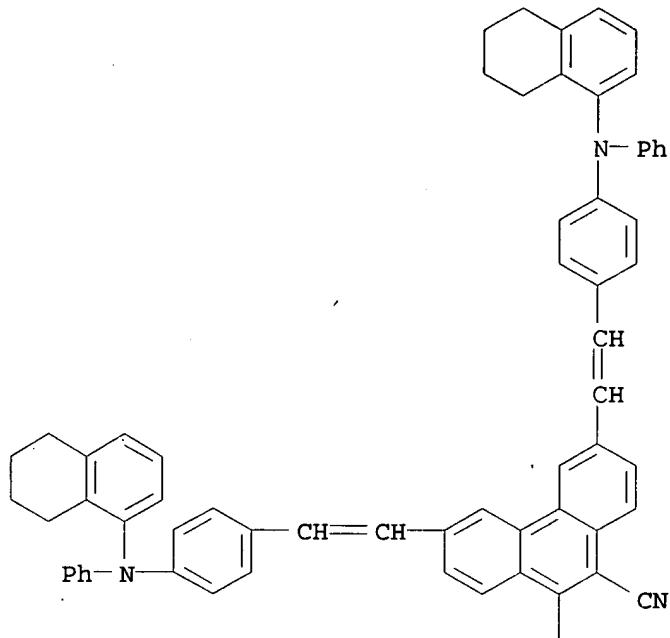
CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(2-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 816432-04-9 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-[phenyl(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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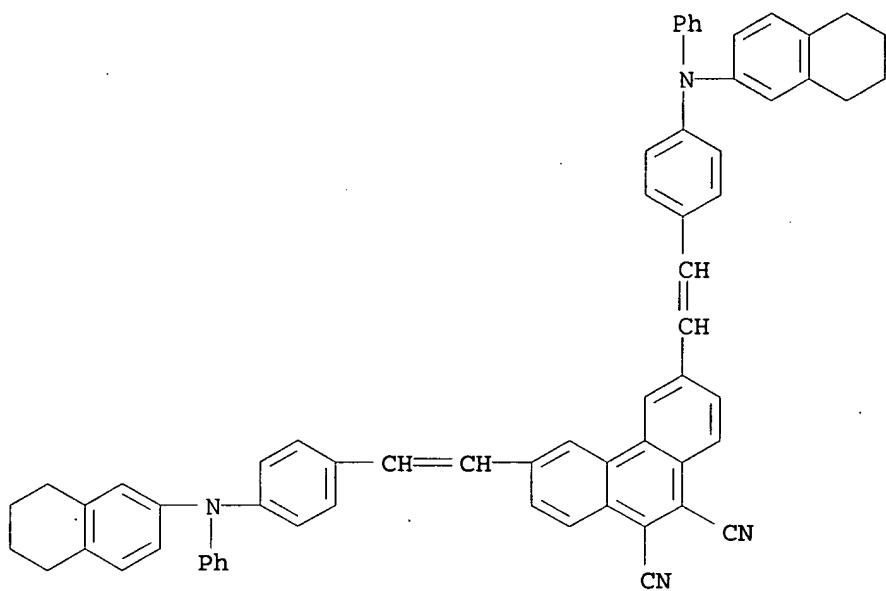


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RN 816432-08-3 HCAPLUS

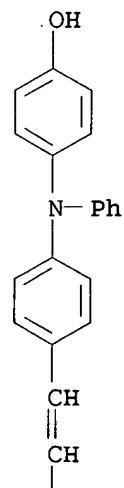
CN 9,10-Phenanthredicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-[phenyl(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



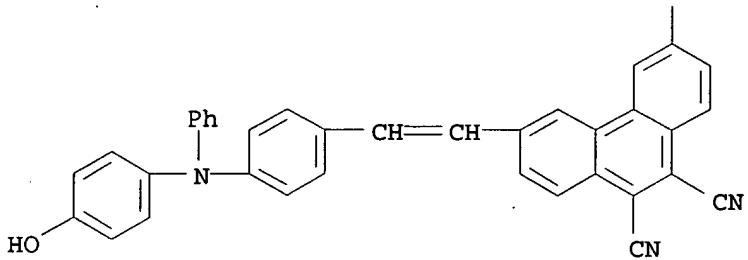
RN 816432-09-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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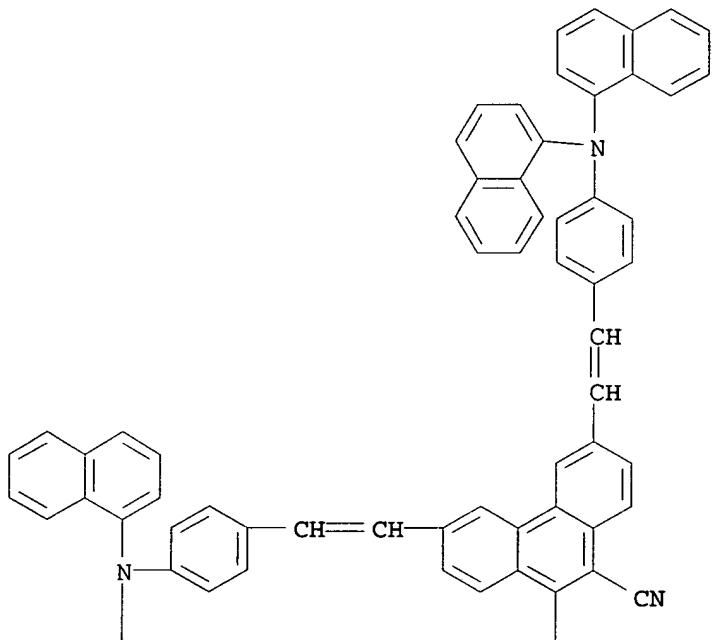
PAGE 2-A



RN 816432-11-8 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(di-1-naphthalenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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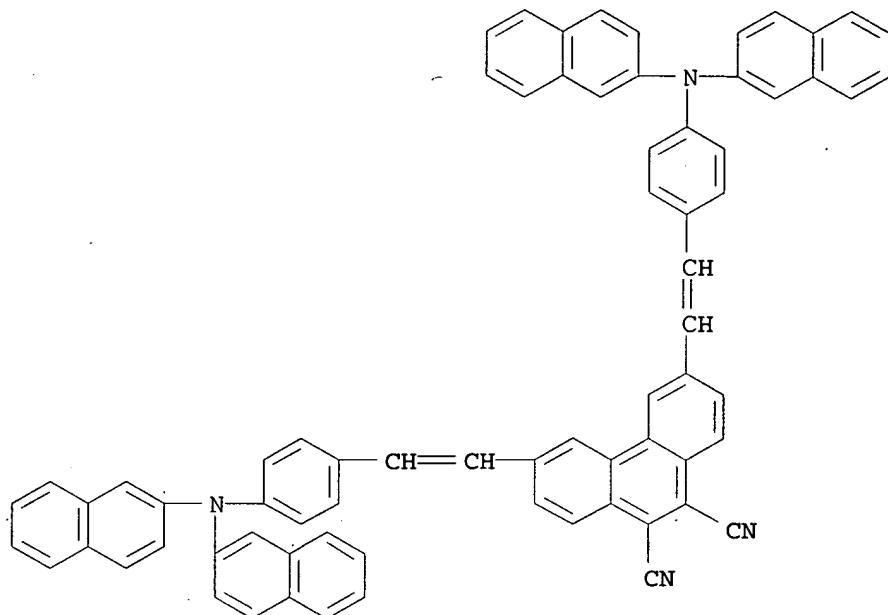


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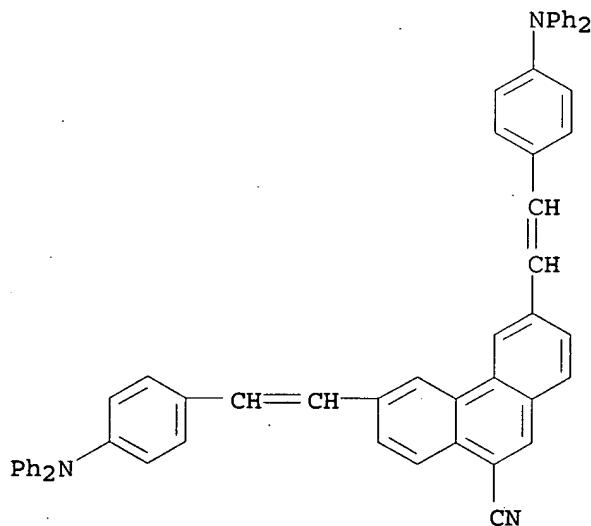
RN 816432-14-1 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(di-2-naphthalenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



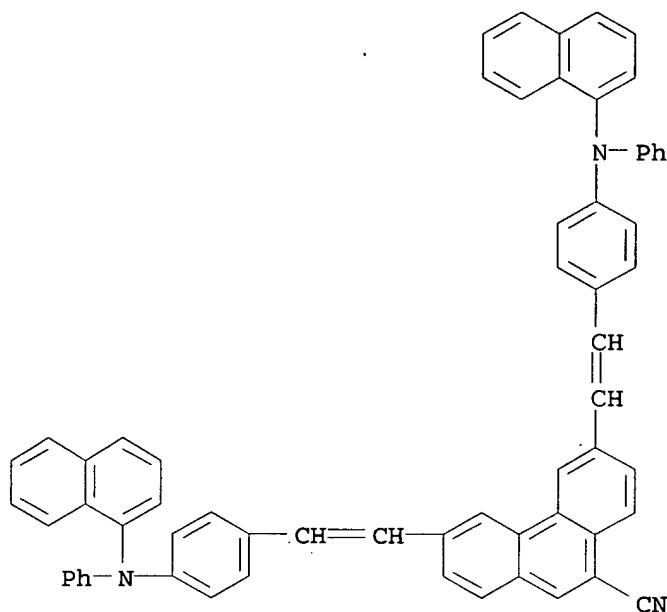
RN 816432-17-4 HCPLUS

CN 9-Phenanthrenecarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



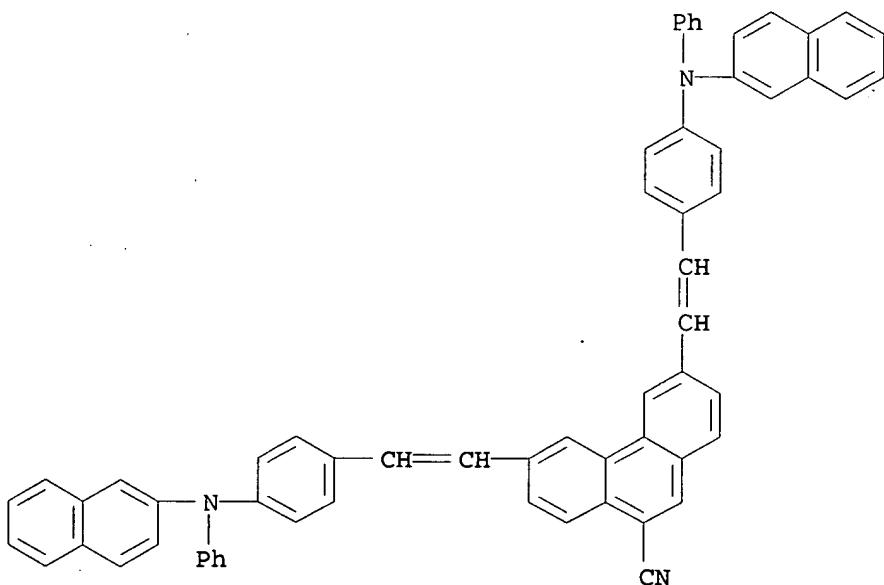
RN 816432-19-6 HCPLUS

CN 9-Phenanthrenecarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(1-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



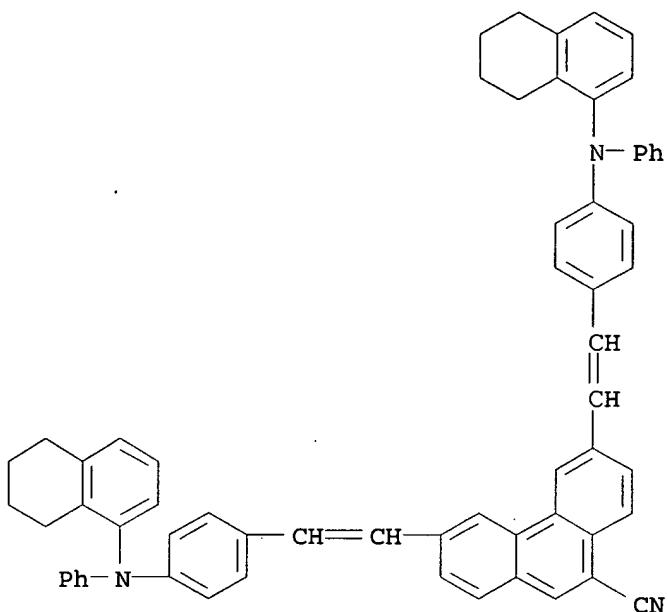
RN 816432-22-1 HCPLUS

CN 9-Phenanthrenecarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(2-naphthalenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



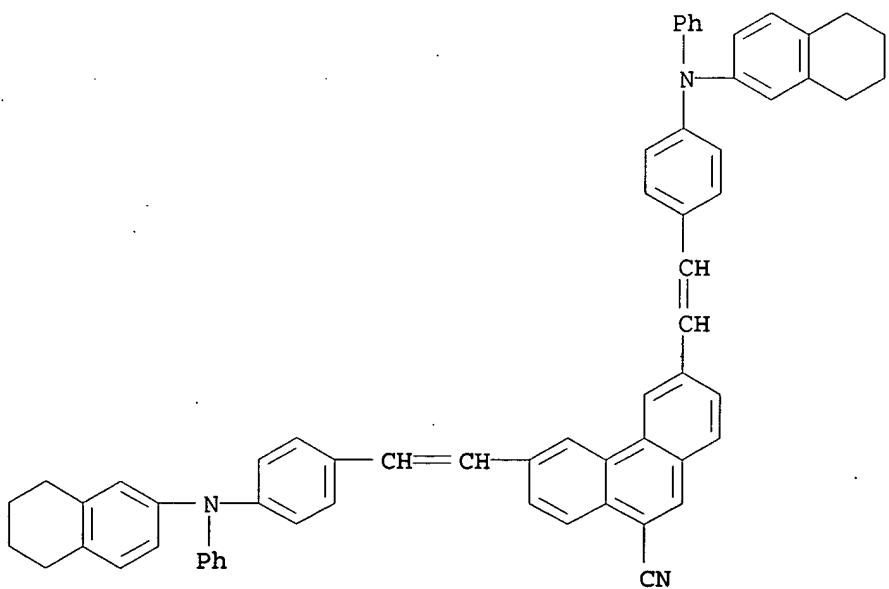
RN 816432-24-3 HCPLUS

CN 9-Phenanthrenecarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-[phenyl(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 816432-25-4 HCAPLUS

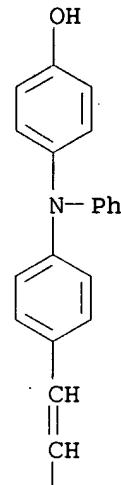
CN 9-Phenanthrenecarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-[(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



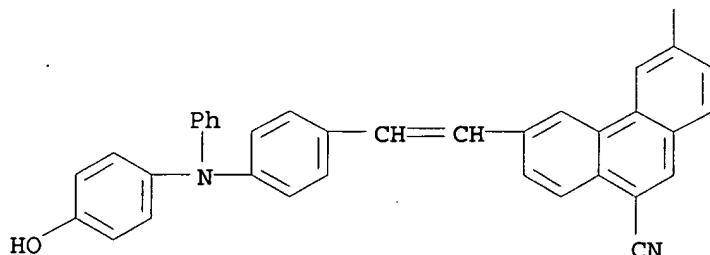
RN 816432-27-6 HCAPLUS

CN 9-Phenanthrenecarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-hydroxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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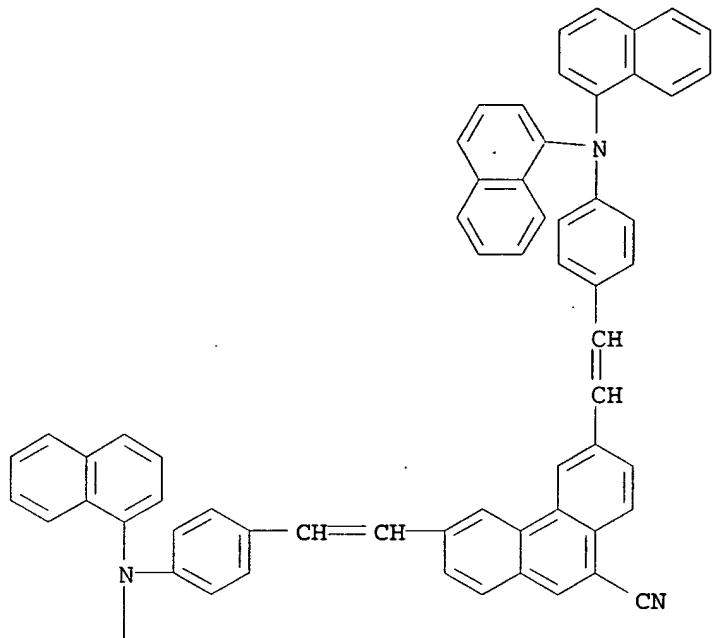
PAGE 2-A



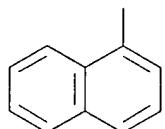
RN 816432-29-8 HCPLUS

CN 9-Phenanthrenecarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(di-1-naphthalenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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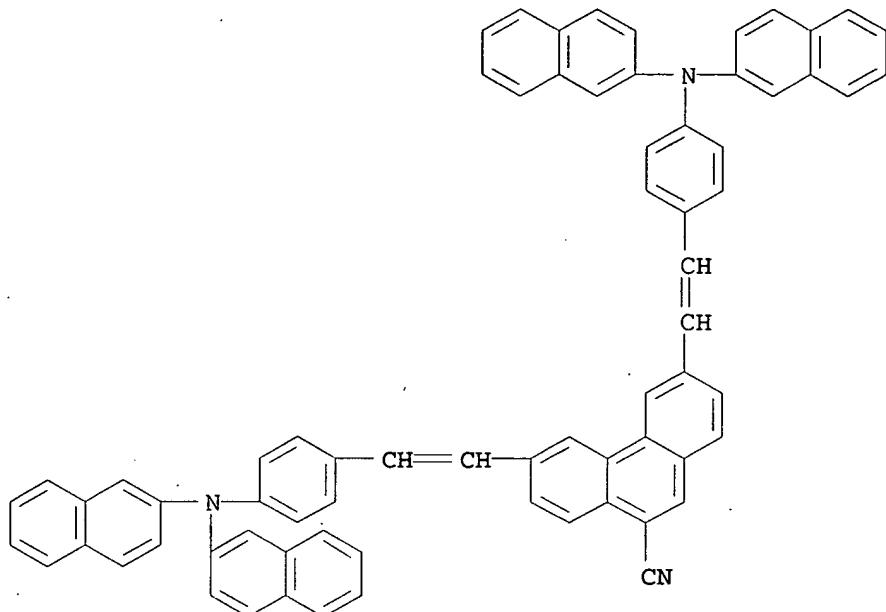


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RN 816432-31-2 HCPLUS

CN 9-Phenanthrenecarbonitrile, 3,6-bis[2-[4-(di-2-naphthalenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

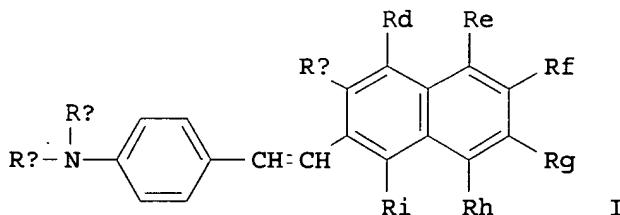


IC ICM H05B033-22  
 ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-14  
 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 ST red emitting org electroluminescent device  
 bisaminostyrylphenanthrene  
 IT Luminescent substances  
     (electroluminescent; red-emitting organic electroluminescence devices using bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes)  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
     (red-emitting; red-emitting organic electroluminescence devices using bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes)  
 IT 816431-87-5 816431-92-2D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816431-97-7D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-01-6D,  
     alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-04-9D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-08-3D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816432-09-4D, alkyl or aryl ethers 816432-11-8D,  
     alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-14-1D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-17-4D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816432-19-6D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-22-1D  
     , alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-24-3D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-25-4D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816432-27-6D, alkyl or aryl ethers 816432-29-8D,  
     alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-31-2D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-33-4D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-37-8D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
 816432-39-0D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-41-4D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-43-6D, alkyl or aryl ethers 816432-45-8D, alkyl or aryl derivs. 816432-47-0D, alkyl or aryl derivs.  
     (red-emitting organic electroluminescence devices using bis(aminostyryl)phenanthrenes)

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:930972 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:403236  
 TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices, aminostyrylnaphthalene compounds and synthesis intermediates thereof, and production processes of the same  
 INVENTOR(S): Ichimura, Mari; Ishibashi, Tadashi; Tamura, Shinichiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corporation, Japan  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 76 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 1473349	A2	20041103	EP 2004-7087	2004 0324
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK				
JP 2004307472	A2	20041104	JP 2004-33056	2004 0210
US 2004265627	A1	20041230	US 2004-807984	2004 0324
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-79768	A 2003 0324
			JP 2004-33056	A 2004 0210

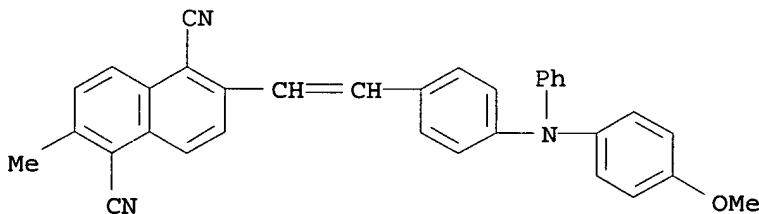
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:403236  
 GI



AB Aminostyrylnaphthalene compds. are described by the general formula I (Ra and Rb = independently selected (un)substituted aryl groups; Rc, Rd, Re, Rg, Rh, and Ri are independently selected from H, CN, a nitro group, a trifluoromethyl group or a halogen atom; and Rf = (un)substituted (un)saturated alkyl, (un)substituted alicyclic hydrocarbon, (un)substituted aryl group, (un)substituted

alkoxyl, a(un) substituted alicyclic hydrocarbyloxy, or (un) substituted aromatic hydrocarbyloxy). Organic **electroluminescent** devices with layers incorporating the compds. are also described. Methods for the production of the aminostyrylnaphthalene derivs. are described which entail condensation of a 4-aminobenzaldehyde deriv. and  $\geq 1$  phosphonate ester or phosphonium. Phosphonate esters or phosphoniums useful for the reactions are also described, as are methods for their production which entail reacting a halogenated aryl compound with a trialkyl phosphite. Further, halogenated aryl compds. appropriate as precursors for the synthesis of the phosphonate esters or phosphoniums are described along with a method for their synthesis by reacting a naphthalene derivative with an N-halogenated succinimide.

- IT 786704-40-3P  
 (organic **electroluminescent** devices and aminostyrylnaphthalene compds. and synthesis intermediates for them and their production)
- RN 786704-40-3 HCPLUS
- CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2-[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



- IC ICM C09K011-06  
 ICS H05B033-14; H01L051-30
- CC 73-11 (**Optical**, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 25, 76
- ST org **electroluminescent** device aminostyrylnaphthalene deriv; aminostyrylnaphthalene deriv intermediate prodn; condensation aminobenzaldehyde deriv phosphonate ester phosphonium aminostyrylnaphthalene deriv prodn
- IT Wittig reaction  
 (organic **electroluminescent** devices and aminostyrylnaphthalene compds. and synthesis intermediates for them and their production)
- IT **Electroluminescent** devices  
 (organic; organic **electroluminescent** devices and aminostyrylnaphthalene compds. and synthesis intermediates for them and their production)
- IT 786704-40-3P  
 (organic **electroluminescent** devices and aminostyrylnaphthalene compds. and synthesis intermediates for them and their production)
- IT 87755-82-6 786704-39-0  
 (organic **electroluminescent** devices and aminostyrylnaphthalene compds. and synthesis intermediates for them and their production)

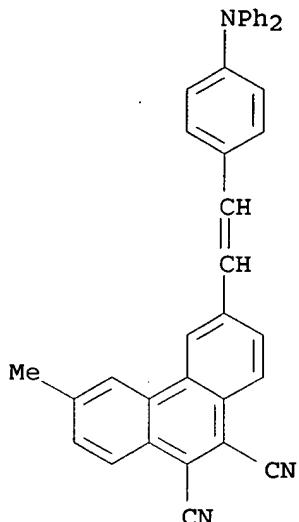
L13 ANSWER 7 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:20777 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:50071  
 TITLE: Organic electroluminescent device or  
       display using styryl compound  
 INVENTOR(S): Ishibashi, Tadashi; Ichimura, Mari; Tamura,  
       Shinichiro; Ueda, Naoyuki  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corporation, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese ✓  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004003104	A1	20040108	WO 2003-JP8043	2003 0625
W: CN, KR, SG, US RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
CN 1505448	A	20040616	CN 2002-161134	2002 1130
JP 2004087463	A2	20040318	JP 2003-165852	2003 0611
EP 1516902	A1	20050323	EP 2003-761798	2003 0625
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-185675	A 2002 0626
			JP 2003-165852	A 2003 0611
			WO 2003-JP8043	W 2003 0625

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:50071  
 AB The invention refers to an organic electroluminescent element comprising a glass plate, a cathode, a hole transport layer, a luminescent layer, an electron transport layer and an anode, wherein the luminescent layer is comprised of a mixture of at least one styryl compound YCH:CHX [Y = aminophenyl; X = cyano- or methyl-substituted Ph or aryl] and a charge transport material.  
 IT 445256-73-5 445256-74-6 445256-76-8  
 445256-77-9 445256-78-0 445256-81-5  
 445256-82-6 445256-83-7 445256-86-0  
 637033-83-1 637033-86-4 637033-89-7  
 (organic electroluminescent device or display with

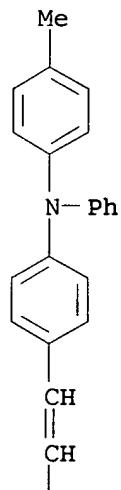
styryl compound)

RN 445256-73-5 HCPLUS  
 CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

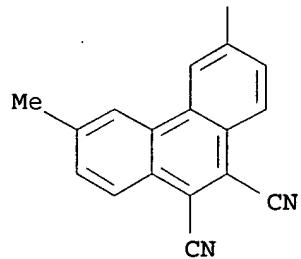


RN 445256-74-6 HCPLUS  
 CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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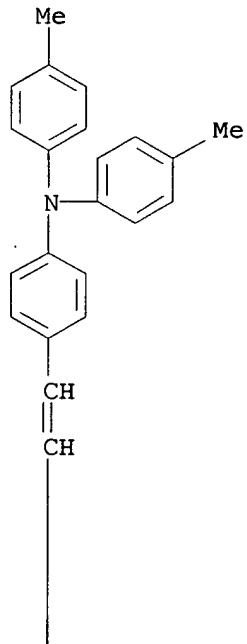
PAGE 2-A



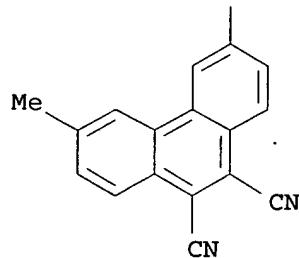
RN 445256-76-8 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-[2-[(4-methylphenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



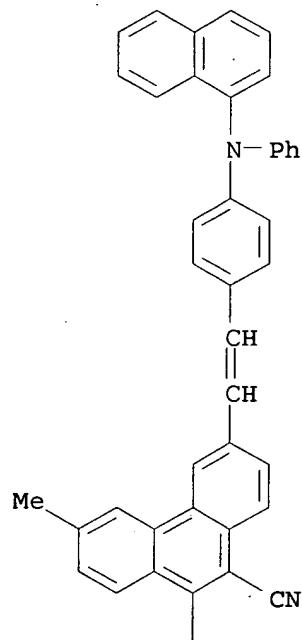
PAGE 2-A



RN 445256-77-9 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-(1-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

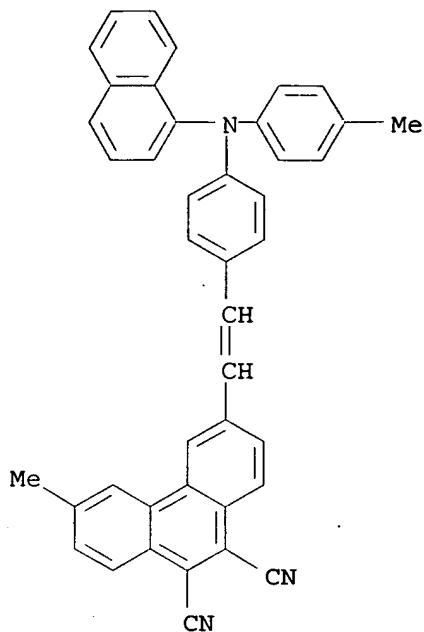


PAGE 2-A



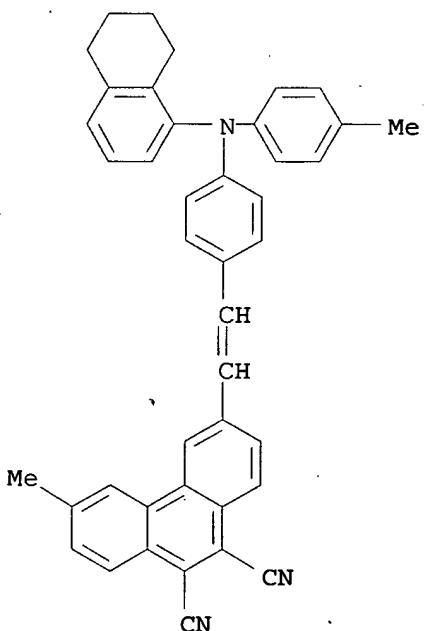
RN 445256-78-0 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[1-(methylphenyl)-2-phenylvinyl]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 445256-81-5 HCPLUS

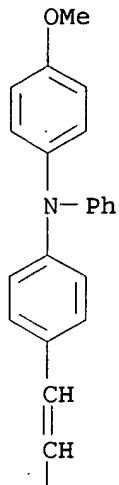
CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



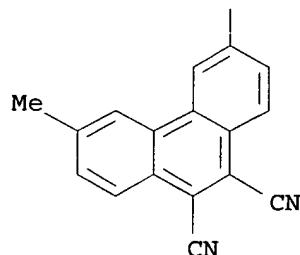
RN 445256-82-6 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

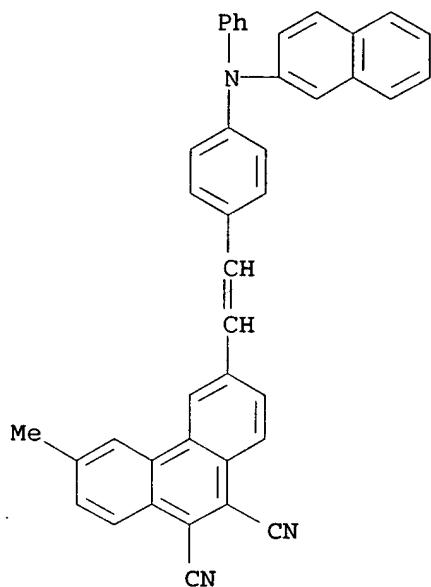


PAGE 2-A



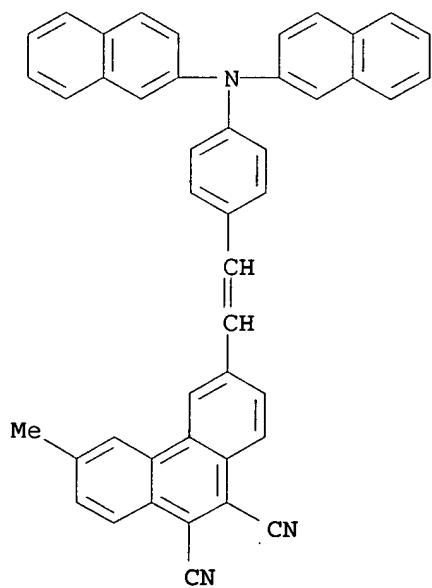
RN 445256-83-7 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-(2-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 445256-86-0 HCAPLUS

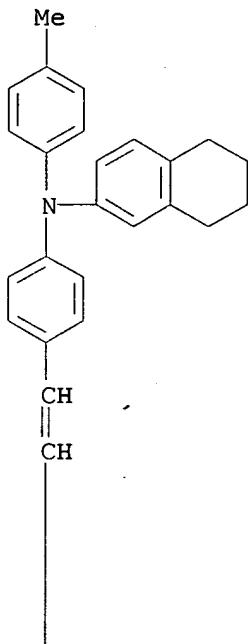
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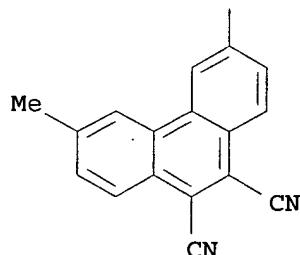
RN 637033-83-1 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedcarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-2-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

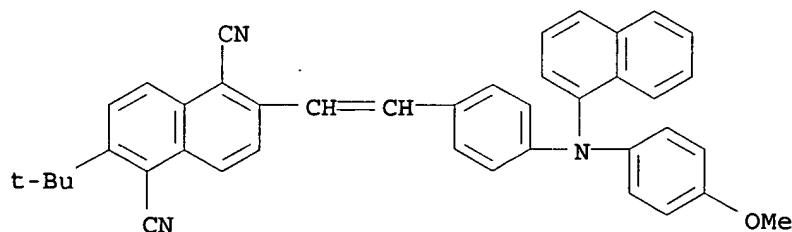


PAGE 2-A



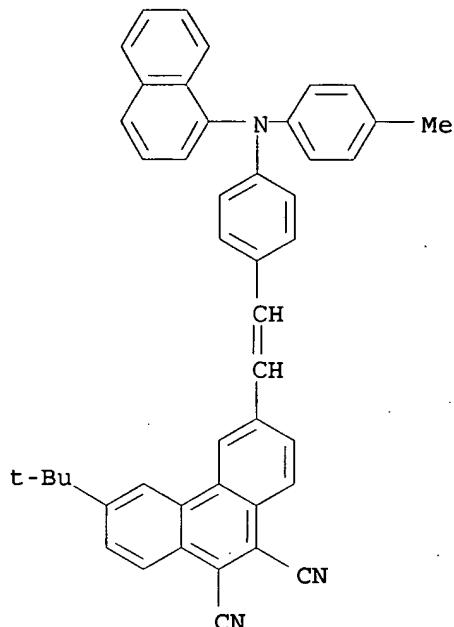
RN 637033-86-4 HCPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-6-[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-naphthalenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 637033-89-7 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedcarbonitrile, 3-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-naphthalenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C09K011-06  
ICS H05B033-14

CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)

ST electroluminescent device display styryl compd

IT Electroluminescent devices  
(displays; organic electroluminescent device or display with styryl compound)

IT Luminescent screens  
(electroluminescent; organic electroluminescent device or display with styryl compound)

IT Electroluminescent devices  
(organic electroluminescent device or display with styryl compound)

IT 321735-50-6	321735-63-1	366793-10-4	366793-12-6
422510-78-9	445256-73-5	445256-74-6	
445256-76-8	445256-77-9	445256-78-0	
445256-81-5	445256-82-6	445256-83-7	
445256-86-0	637033-22-8	637033-24-0	637033-26-2
637033-28-4	637033-29-5	637033-30-8	637033-31-9
637033-32-0	637033-33-1	637033-34-2	637033-35-3
637033-36-4	637033-37-5	637033-38-6	637033-40-0
637033-41-1	637033-42-2	637033-43-3	637033-44-4
637033-45-5	637033-46-6	637033-47-7	637033-48-8
637033-49-9	637033-50-2	637033-51-3	637033-52-4
637033-53-5	637033-54-6	637033-55-7	637033-56-8
637033-57-9	637033-58-0	637033-59-1	637033-60-4
637033-61-5	637033-62-6	637033-63-7	637033-64-8
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637033-69-3	637033-70-6	637033-71-7	637033-72-8
637033-73-9	637033-74-0	637033-76-2	637033-77-3

637033-78-4 637033-79-5 637033-80-8 637033-81-9  
 637033-82-0 637033-83-1 637033-84-2 637033-85-3  
 637033-86-4 637033-87-5 637033-88-6  
 637033-89-7 637033-90-0

(organic electroluminescent device or display with  
 styryl compound)

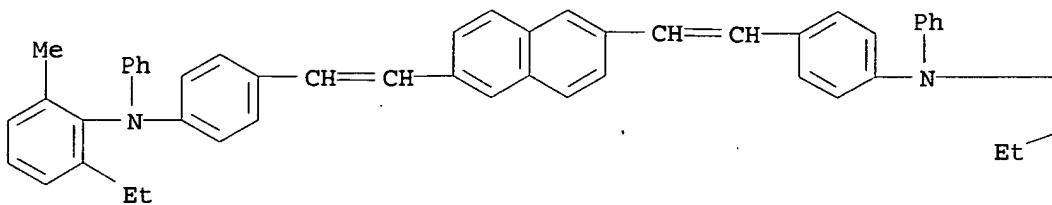
REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE  
 FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE  
 IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:809883 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:330272  
 TITLE: Method for electrophotographic image formation  
 using positively charging monolayer-type  
 organic electrophotographic photoreceptor  
 INVENTOR(S): Inagaki, Yoshio  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyocera Mita Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

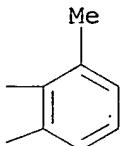
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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JP 2003295487	A2	20031015	JP 2002-98030	2002 0329
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-98030	2002 0329

- AB The title method, which uses a pos. charging monolayer-type organic electrophotog. photoreceptor and contains a cleaning process of residual toner on the photoreceptor, includes the steps of: measuring the thickness of the light-sensitive layer of the photoreceptor and charging amount of the photoreceptor; calculating the exposure intensity, which shows  $\leq 26$  V variation after exposure on the light-sensitive layer having  $\geq 15$   $\mu$ m difference in the thickness. The method uses a phthalocyanine charge-generating agent, naphthoquinone charge-transporting compound, and a stilbene-based hole-transporting compound. The method provides constant light intensity for photoreceptor exposure after surface wearing of the photoreceptor.
- IT 286851-40-9  
 (hole transporting agent; electrophotog. photoreceptor)
- RN 286851-40-9 HCAPLUS
- CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediyldi-2,1-ethenediyil)bis[N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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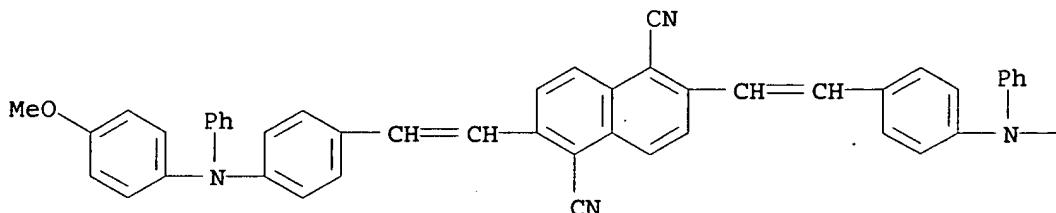
PAGE 1-B



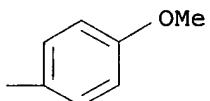
IC ICM G03G005-06  
 ICS G03G015-00  
 CC 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)  
 IT 55035-45-5 119564-31-7 254897-50-2 267409-41-6  
**286851-40-9** 393586-85-1 612808-08-9  
 (hole transporting agent; electrophotog. photoreceptor)

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:426713 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:252434  
 TITLE: Red emitting materials for organic EL display  
 AUTHOR(S): Ichimura, Mari; Ishibashi, Tadashi; Ueda, Naoyuki; Tamura, Shin-ichiro  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Organic EL Development, Core Technology & Network Company, Japan  
 SOURCE: Proceedings of the Sony Research Forum (2002), Volume Date 2001, 11th, 329-334  
 CODEN: PSRFFO; ISSN: 1340-3508  
 PUBLISHER: Soni K.K., R & D Senryakubu  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; (computer optical disk)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 AB We developed novel distyryl compds. aiming red light-emitting materials for organic EL active panels. Both photoluminescence and electroluminescence spectra have the peaks in the region of 630-650 nm. They have good fluorescence quantum yield(0.8-0.97, in solution), and high glass transition temperature(103-120°C). Use of BSN as an emitting material enables fabrication of fine red EL device that exhibits high luminance efficiency.  
 IT 333339-14-3P  
 (red emitting materials for organic EL display)  
 RN 333339-14-3 HCAPLUS  
 CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 22  
 ST red emitting material org EL display  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
     (displays; red emitting materials for organic EL display)  
 IT Electron density  
     (distyryl compds.; red emitting materials for organic EL display)  
 IT Luminescent screens  
     (electroluminescent; red emitting materials for organic EL display)  
 IT Frontier molecular orbital  
     (of distyryl compds.; red emitting materials for organic EL display)  
 IT Fluorescence  
     Glass transition temperature  
         Luminescence  
         Luminescence, electroluminescence  
         (red emitting materials for organic EL display)  
 IT 232948-26-4P  
     (BSB-BCN; red emitting materials for organic EL display)  
 IT 251101-60-7P 253868-91-6P 253868-96-1P 288626-79-9P  
     288626-80-2P 333339-14-3P  
     (red emitting materials for organic EL display)  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE  
                   FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE  
                   IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 10 OF 22 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:656370 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:192554  
 TITLE: Vapor phase deposition of organic material  
       thin film, its apparatus, and fabrication of  
       organic electroluminescent device  
       with the thin film  
 INVENTOR(S): Tamura, Shinichiro; Ishibashi, Tadashi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002246175	A2	20020830	JP 2001-39408	2001 0216
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-39408	2001 0216

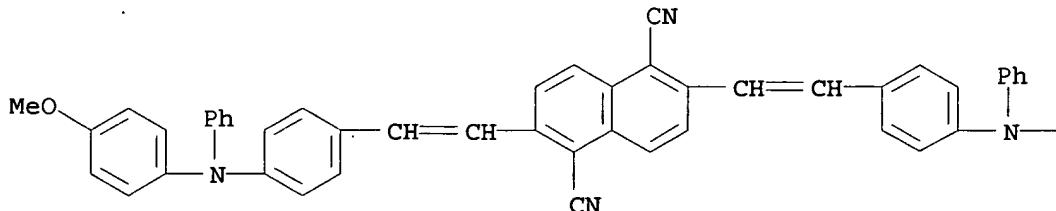
AB The invention provides a process and apparatus for deposition of organic material thin films having good characteristics from a plurality of materials which behave differently under heat by optimizing the conditions for deposition for each raw materials. In the deposition of a 1st material which evaps. after being melted under heat and/or a 2nd material which sublimes under heat, a 1st container having a 1st opening having the same or larger size than the surface area of the contained, said organic material, the flying angle of the vapor of the organic material from the opening being  $\geq 90^\circ$ , and a 2nd container having a 2nd opening smaller than the surface area of the contained, said organic material. The 1st and the 2nd containers (evaporator boats) will be made from Ta, Mo, W, or BN. Evaporation/sublimation velocities will be regulated properly, thereby providing films with uniform thicknesses.

IT 333339-14-3  
 (hole transporting layer; apparatus design for vapor phase deposition of organic material thin film for manufacture of organic EL device)

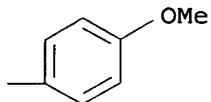
RN 333339-14-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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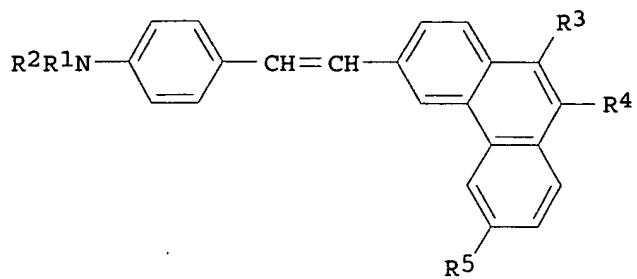


IC ICM H05B033-10  
 ICS C23C014-12; C23C014-24; H05B033-14; H05B033-22  
 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 74  
 ST vapor phase deposition org material thin film; org electroluminescent material vapor phase deposition; evaporator source design org electroluminescent device fabrication  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
 (organic; apparatus design for vapor phase deposition of organic material thin film for manufacture of organic EL device)  
 IT 167218-46-4 333339-14-3  
 (hole transporting layer; apparatus design for vapor phase deposition of organic material thin film for manufacture of organic EL device)

L13 ANSWER 11 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:609614 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:161463  
 TITLE: Aminostyrylphenanthrenes having high luminance for red-emitting organic electroluminescent materials, their intermediates, and their preparation  
 INVENTOR(S): Ichimura, Mari; Ishibashi, Tadashi; Tamura, Shinichiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002226722	A2	20020814	JP 2001-21006	2001 0130
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-21006	2001 0130

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:161463  
 GI



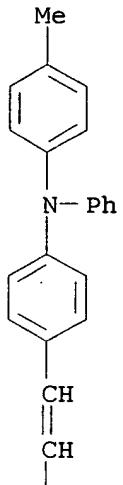
AB Aminostyrylphenanthrenes shown as I [R1 = (substituted) aryl; R2 = unsubstituted aryl; R3-R5 = H, cyano, hydrocarbyl, etc.] are prepared by condensation of 4-(N,N-diarylarnino)benzaldehydes with phosphonic acid esters and/or phosphoniums which are prepared by reacting halogenated phenanthrenes (prepared from phenanthrenes and N-halogenated succinimides) with trialkyl phosphites or PPh<sub>3</sub>. I are useful for organic **electroluminescent** material which **emit red lights** whose maximum emission wavelength can be varied based on substituents introduced to the structures. Moreover, I has high-m.p., good heat resistance, enhanced elec., thermal, or chemical stabilities, are amorphous which easily give glass states, and are sublimable and hence formation of amorphous films by vapor deposition is easy.

IT 445256-74-6P 445256-76-8P 445256-77-9P  
 445256-78-0P 445256-82-6P 445256-83-7P  
 (preparation of aminostyrylphenanthrenes having high luminance for red-emitting organic EL materials)

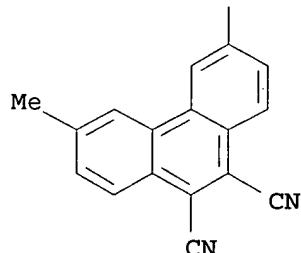
RN 445256-74-6 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



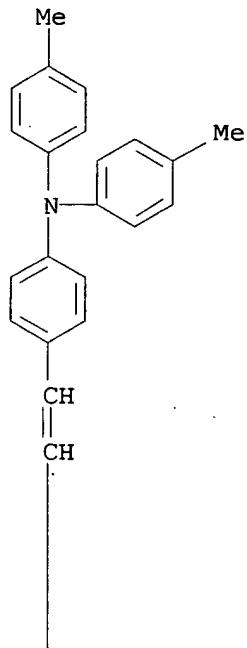
PAGE 2-A



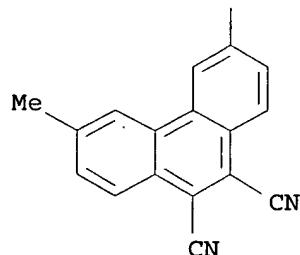
RN 445256-76-8 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenediacarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-[bis(4-methylphenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



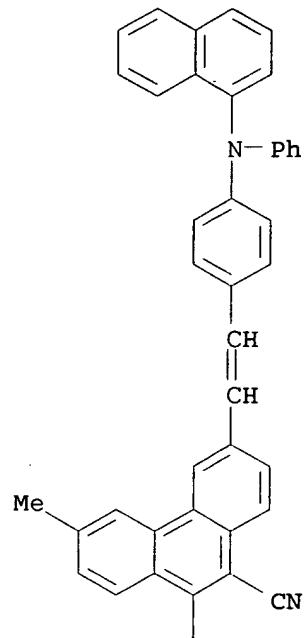
PAGE 2-A



RN 445256-77-9 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-(1-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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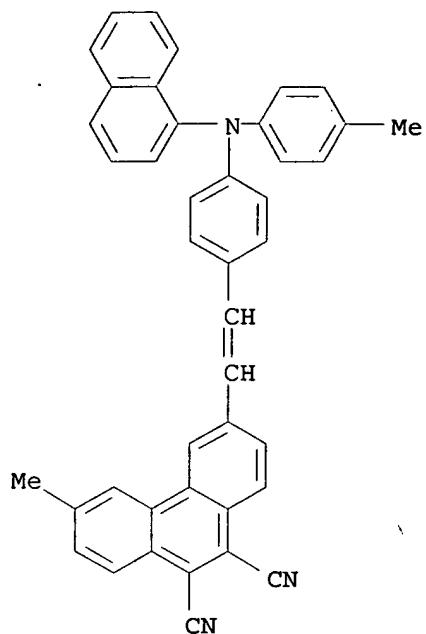


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RN 445256-78-0 HCPLUS

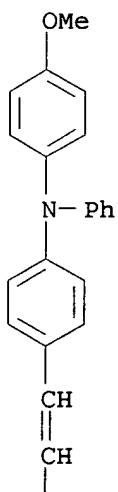
CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-1-naphthalenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



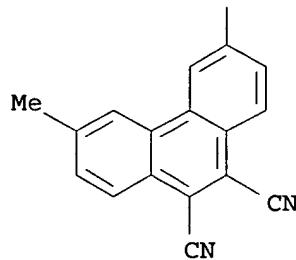
RN 445256-82-6 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

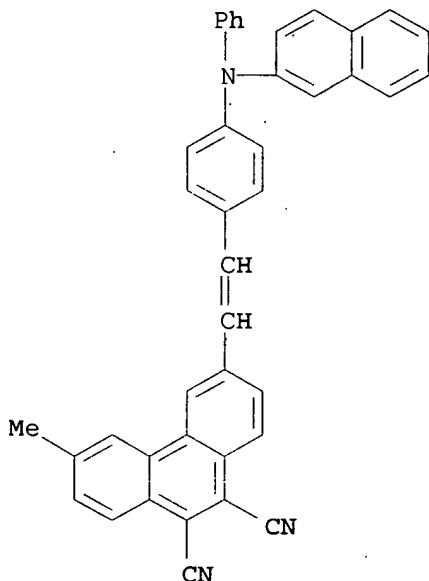


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RN 445256-83-7 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-(2-naphthalenylphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 445256-73-5 445256-79-1 445256-80-4

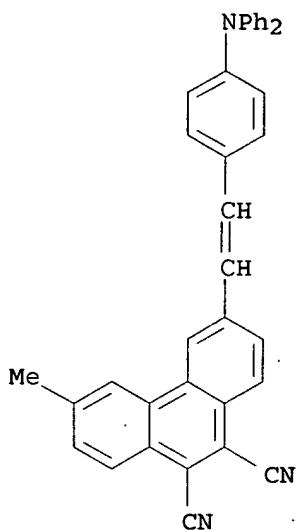
445256-81-5 445256-84-8 445256-85-9

445256-86-0

(preparation of aminostyrylphenanthrenes having high luminance for red-emitting organic EL materials)

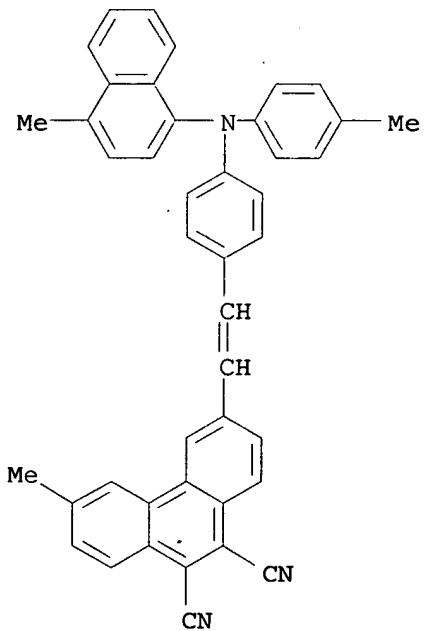
RN 445256-73-5 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 445256-79-1 HCAPLUS

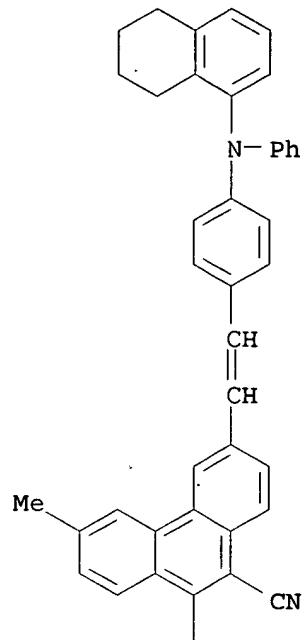
CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[(4-methyl-1-naphthalenyl)(4-methylphenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 445256-80-4 HCAPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[(4-phenyl(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)amino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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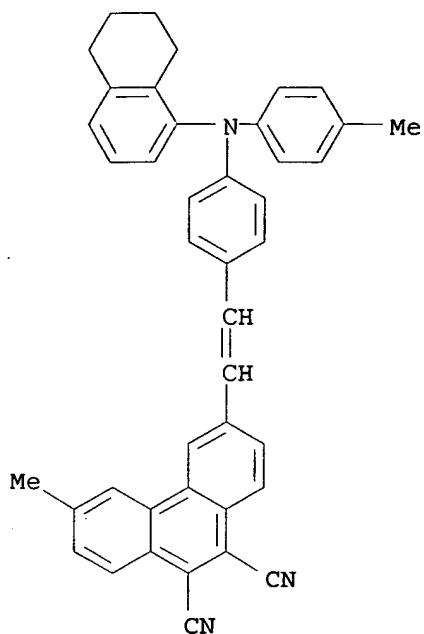


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RN 445256-81-5 HCAPLUS

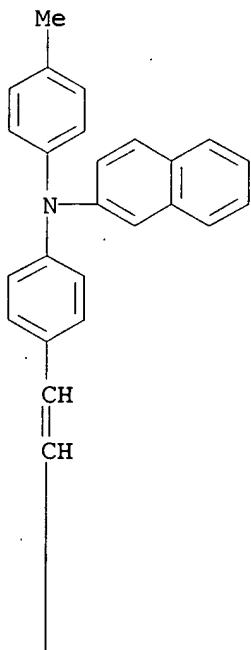
CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



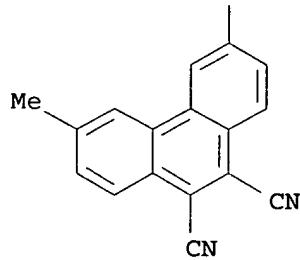
RN 445256-84-8 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-methyl-6-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)-2-naphthalenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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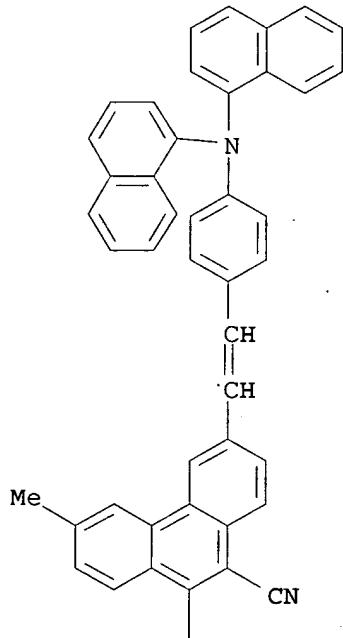
PAGE 2-A



RN 445256-85-9 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenediacarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-(di-1-naphthalenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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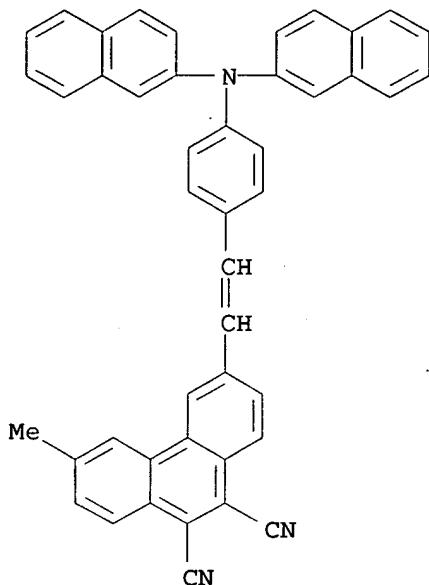


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RN 445256-86-0 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenediacarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-(di-2-naphthalenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



- IC ICM C09B057-00  
 ICS C07C253-30; C07C255-52; C07C255-58; C07F009-40; C07F009-54;  
 C09K011-06; H05B033-14
- CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 41, 73
- ST aminostyrylphenanthrene prep red emitting org  
 electroluminescent substance; diarylamino benzaldehyde  
 phosphonic acid ester condensation; phosphonium condensation  
 diarylamino benzaldehyde phosphor prep
- IT Electroluminescent devices  
 Phosphors  
 (red-emitting; preparation of aminostyrylphenanthrenes  
 having high luminance for red-emitting organic EL  
 materials)
- IT 150405-69-9  
 (electron-transporting layer; preparation of  
 aminostyrylphenanthrenes having high luminance for red-  
 emitting organic EL materials)
- IT 139255-17-7  
 (hole-transporting layer; preparation of aminostyrylphenanthrenes  
 having high luminance for red-emitting organic EL  
 materials)
- IT 445256-90-6P 445256-92-8P  
 (preparation of aminostyrylphenanthrenes having high luminance for  
 red-emitting organic EL materials)
- IT 445256-74-6P 445256-76-8P 445256-77-9P  
 445256-78-0P 445256-82-6P 445256-83-7P  
 (preparation of aminostyrylphenanthrenes having high luminance for  
 red-emitting organic EL materials)
- IT 128-08-5, N-Bromosuccinimide 603-35-0, Triphenylphosphine,  
 reactions 42906-19-4 87755-82-6 89115-21-9 131660-61-2  
 176701-25-0 445256-87-1 445256-88-2 445256-89-3  
 445256-91-7  
 (preparation of aminostyrylphenanthrenes having high luminance for  
 red-emitting organic EL materials)

IT 445256-73-5 445256-79-1 445256-80-4  
 445256-81-5 445256-84-8 445256-85-9  
 445256-86-0  
 (preparation of aminostyrylphenanthrenes having high luminance for red-emitting organic EL materials)

L13 ANSWER 12 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:553526 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:132204  
 TITLE: Organic electroluminescent (EL) elements for full-color flat displays with high brightness and durability  
 INVENTOR(S): Tamura, Shinichiro; Ishibashi, Tadashi; Ichimura, Mari  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 32 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002208488	A2	20020726	JP 2001-4859	2001 0112
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2001-4859	2001 0112

AB The element has an organic layer (including a light-emitting region) between an anode and a cathode, wherein the organic layer contains an elec. conductive polymer including a styryl compound (a distyryl compound, preferably) chemical bonded to the main or side chain of the polymer.

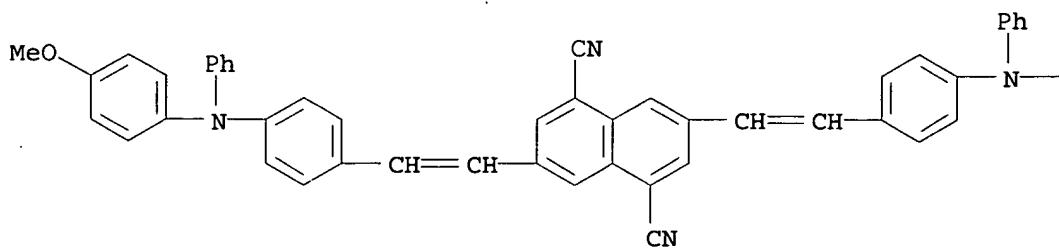
IT 443971-37-7  
 (light emitter; organic EL elements containing elec. conductive polymers having distyryl structures with high brightness and durability)

RN 443971-37-7 HCAPLUS  
 CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-[[4-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2,5-diiodophenoxy]phenyl]phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-7-[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-, polymer with 1-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-2,5-diido-4-methoxybenzene and 2,2'-[[2-[(2-ethylhexyl)oxy]-5-methoxy-1,4-phenylene]di-2,1-ethenediyl]bis[1,3,2-dioxaborolane] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

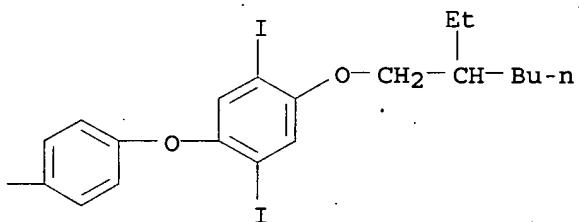
CM 1

CRN 443971-36-6  
 CMF C67 H56 I2 N4 O3

PAGE 1-A

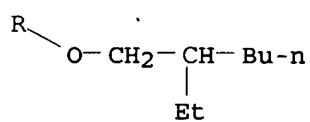
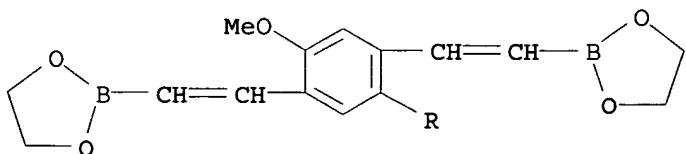


PAGE 1-B



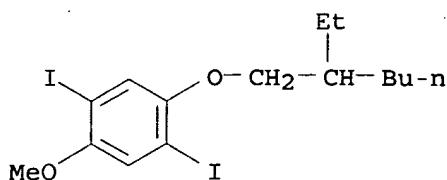
CM 2

CRN 443971-32-2  
CMF C23 H34 B2 06



CM 3

CRN 262355-67-9  
CMF C15 H22 I2 O2



IC ICM H05B033-14  
 ICS C09K011-06  
 CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73  
 ST org EL full color flat display; **electroluminescent**  
 display high brightness styryl polymer; styryl graft  
 polyphenylenevinylene elec cond display  
 IT Conducting polymers  
 (light emitter; organic EL elements containing  
 elec. conductive polymers having distyryl structures with high  
 brightness and durability)  
 IT **Electroluminescent** devices  
 (organic EL elements containing elec. conductive polymers having  
 distyryl structures with high brightness and durability)  
 IT 443971-33-3 443971-35-5 **443971-37-7** 443971-39-9  
 443971-41-3 443971-43-5  
 (light emitter; organic EL elements containing  
 elec. conductive polymers having distyryl structures with high  
 brightness and durability)

L13 ANSWER 13 OF 22 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:349431 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:377566  
 TITLE: Red organic **electroluminescence**  
 elements with good color stability and high  
 brightness for displays  
 INVENTOR(S): Ishibashi, Tadashi; Ichimura, Mari; Tamura,  
 Shinichiro; Ueda, Naoyuki  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 31 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002134276	A2	20020510	JP 2000-329902	2000 1030
WO 2003091357	A1	20031106	WO 2002-JP4097	2002 0424
EP 1498465	A1	20050119	EP 2002-722757	2002

0424

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE,  
 MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR  
 US 2004202891 A1 20041014 US 2003-297017

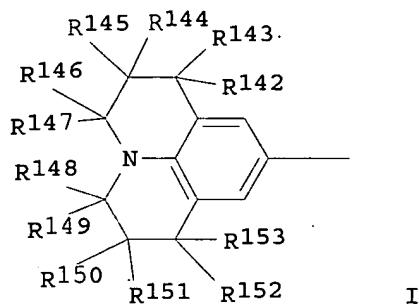
2003

0520

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2000-329902 A  
 2000  
 1030

WO 2002-JP4097 W  
 2002  
 0424

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:377566  
 GI



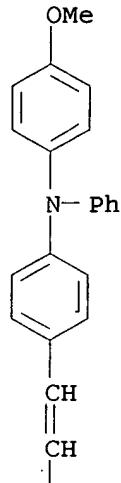
AB The electroluminescence (EL) elements contain aminostyryl compds. Y<sub>1</sub>CH:CHX<sub>1</sub>CH:CHY<sub>2</sub> and/or Y<sub>3</sub>CH:CHX<sub>2</sub> [X<sub>1</sub> = substituted anthracenylene (substituent = halo, nitro, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>, etc.); X<sub>2</sub> = (un)substituted Ph, naphthalenyl, anthracenyl, phenanthrenyl, pyrenyl (substituent = H, halo, nitro, cyano, CF<sub>3</sub>); Y<sub>1-3</sub> = H, alkyl, aryl that may contain C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NZ<sub>1</sub>Z<sub>2</sub>, I, or (un)substituted Ph; Z<sub>1</sub>, Z<sub>2</sub> = H, alkyl, aryl; R<sub>142-153</sub> = H, alkyl, aryl, alkoxy, halo, etc.].

IT 422510-81-4 422510-85-8  
 (red organic EL elements with good color stability and high brightness for displays)

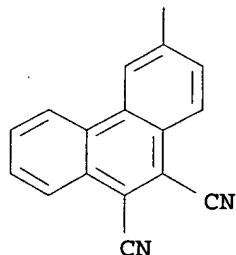
RN 422510-81-4 HCPLUS

CN 9,10-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 3-[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

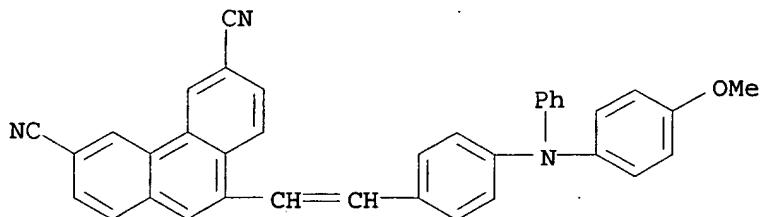


PAGE 2-A



RN 422510-85-8 HCPLUS

CN 3,6-Phenanthrenedicarbonitrile, 9-[2-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM H05B033-14

ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-22

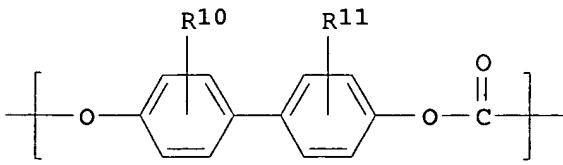
CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 73  
 ST org electroluminescence element red aminostyryl  
 brightness; EL display aminostyryl phosphor red stability  
 IT Phosphors  
 (electroluminescent; red organic EL elements with good color stability and high brightness for displays)  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
 (red-emitting; red organic EL elements with good color stability and high brightness for displays)  
 IT 101247-14-7 127697-16-9 253869-00-0 261632-47-7  
 261632-87-5 321709-39-1 321735-48-2 321735-63-1  
 422510-46-1 422510-49-4 422510-67-6 422510-70-1  
 422510-72-3 422510-75-6 422510-76-7 422510-78-9  
 422510-81-4 422510-83-6 422510-84-7  
 422510-85-8  
 (red organic EL elements with good color stability and high brightness for displays)

L13 ANSWER 14 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:253302 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:301740  
 TITLE: Electrophotographic photoreceptors having specific polycarbonate binder resin in light sensitive layer  
 INVENTOR(S): Azuma, Jun; Watanabe, Yukimasa; Honma, Toshikazu; Yashima, Ayako; Uchida, Maki; Miyamoto, Eiichi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kyocera Mita Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2002099103	A2	20020405	JP 2000-292683	2000 0926
JP 3583705	B2	20041104	JP 2000-292683	2000 0926
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:301740  
 GI



AB The title photoreceptor has a light-sensitive layer, which contains a charge-generating agent, a charge-transporting agent, and a polycarbonate binder resin on an electroconductive support, wherein the polycarbonate binder resin has repeating unit I ( R10-11 = H, C1-3 alkyl), wherein the charge-generating agent has  $\geq 40$  % charge-generating efficiency at  $5 \times 10^5$  V/cm field strength, and wherein the charge-transporting agent contains a hole-transporting agent of  $\geq 5 \times 10^{-6}$  cm<sup>2</sup>/V/s hole-transporting speed at  $5 \times 10^5$  V/cm field strength. The photoreceptor shows the low wearing on the light sensitive layers, the good durability, and the high sensitivity.

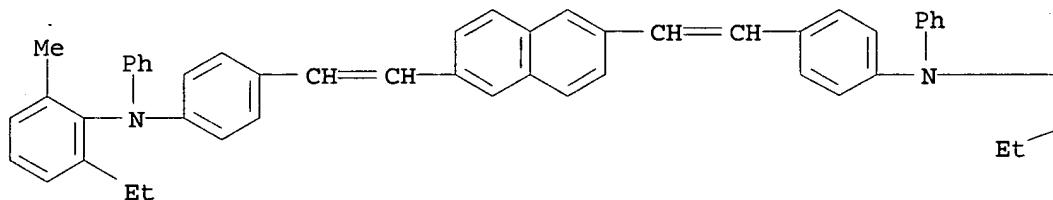
IT 286851-40-9

(hole-transporting agent for electrophotog. photoreceptor)

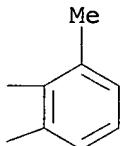
RN 286851-40-9 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediyldi-2,1-ethenediyil)bis[N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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IC ICM G03G005-05

ICS G03G005-06; C09B067-20

CC 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s) : 35

ST electrophotog photoreceptor polycarbonate binder resin  
light sensitive layer

IT Polycarbonates, uses

(binder resin in light-sensitive layer of  
electrophotog. photoreceptor)

IT Electrophotographic photoconductors (photoreceptors)  
(electrophotog. photoreceptors having specific polycarbonate  
binder resin in light sensitive layer)

IT 143480-22-2 395681-23-9

(binder resin in light-sensitive layer of  
electrophotog. photoreceptor)

IT 1473-31-0 124591-08-8 151026-65-2 168091-65-4 174701-47-4

227610-08-4 254897-50-2 286851-40-9 395681-26-2

(hole-transporting agent for electrophotog. photoreceptor)

L13 ANSWER 15 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:763124 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:325069  
 TITLE: Organic electroluminescent element  
       and luminescent apparatus employing  
       the same  
 INVENTOR(S): Ishibashi, Tadashi; Ichimura, Mari; Ueda,  
               Naoyuki; Tamura, Shinichiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corporation, Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 102 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 2001077253	A1	20011018	WO 2001-JP3051	2001 0409
W: KR, US RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR				
JP 2001291591	A2	20011019	JP 2000-106430	2000 0407
EP 1205528	A1	20020515	EP 2001-919842	2001 0409
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR				
US 2002106530	A1	20020808	US 2002-9021	2002 0319
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2000-106430	A 2000 0407
			WO 2001-JP3051	W 2001 0409

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:325069  
 AB Title element contains a compound having a high fluorescence yield  
       and excellent thermal stability and emits a stable red  
       light having a high color purity and a high luminance.  
       Title element comprises a glass substrate and disposed thereon in  
       this order, a transparent ITO electrode, a hole-transporting  
       layer, an electron-transporting layer, and a metal electrode,  
       wherein the hole-transporting layer and/or the  
       electron-transporting layer comprises a layer of a mixture  
       comprising  $\geq 1$  aminostyryl compound represented by the general  
       formula Y<sub>1</sub>CH:CHX<sub>1</sub>CH:CHY<sub>2</sub> (X<sub>1</sub> = aryl substituted by such as NO<sub>2</sub>,  
       etc., each Y<sub>1</sub> and Y<sub>2</sub> has aminophenyl, etc. in the skeleton) and a  
       hole-blocking layer is disposed between the hole-transporting  
       layer and the electron-transporting layer.  
 IT 333339-14-3 333339-15-4 333339-16-5

333339-20-1 367509-37-3 367509-38-4

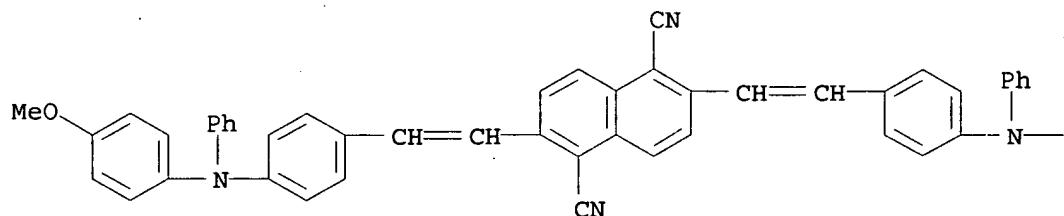
367509-39-5 367509-40-8

(organic electroluminescent element and  
luminescent apparatus employing the same)

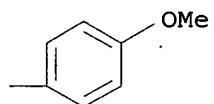
RN 333339-14-3 HCPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



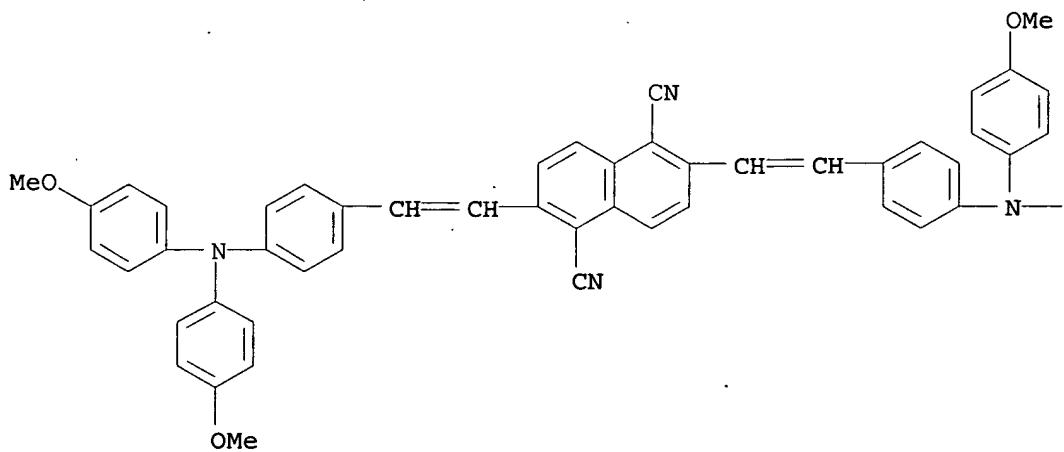
PAGE 1-B



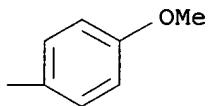
RN 333339-15-4 HCPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-[(bis(4-methoxyphenyl)amino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



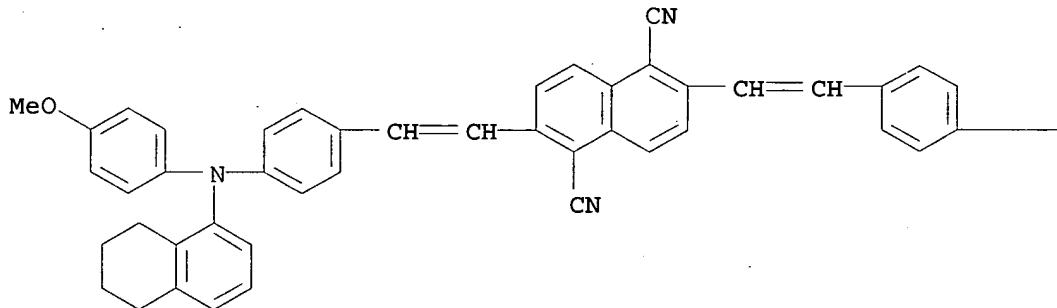
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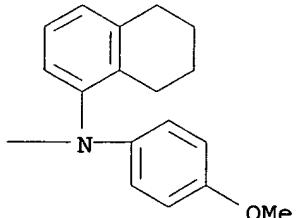
RN 333339-16-5 HCPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthalenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



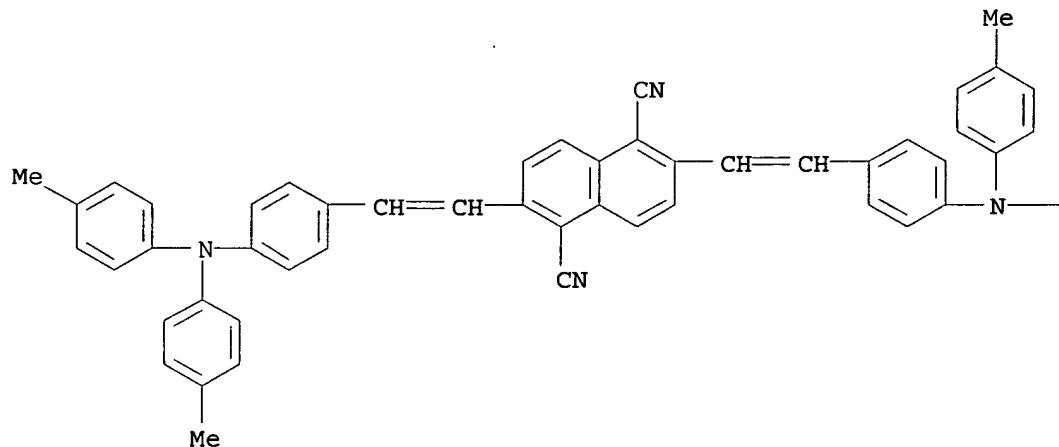
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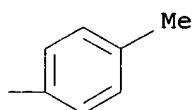
RN 333339-20-1 HCPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-[bis(4-methylphenyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



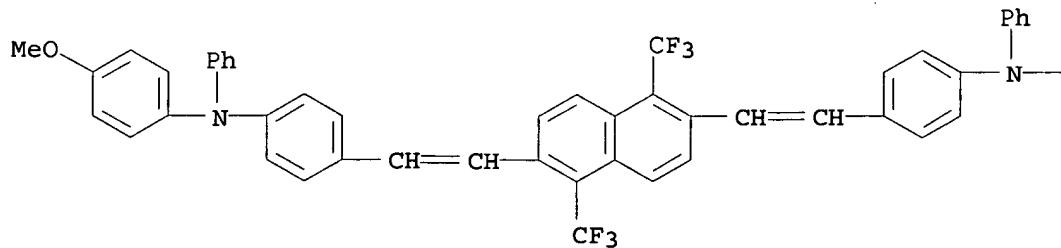
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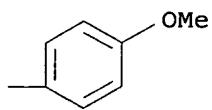
RN 367509-37-3 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(1,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,6-naphthalenediyl)di-2,1-ethenediyl]bis[N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-phenyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



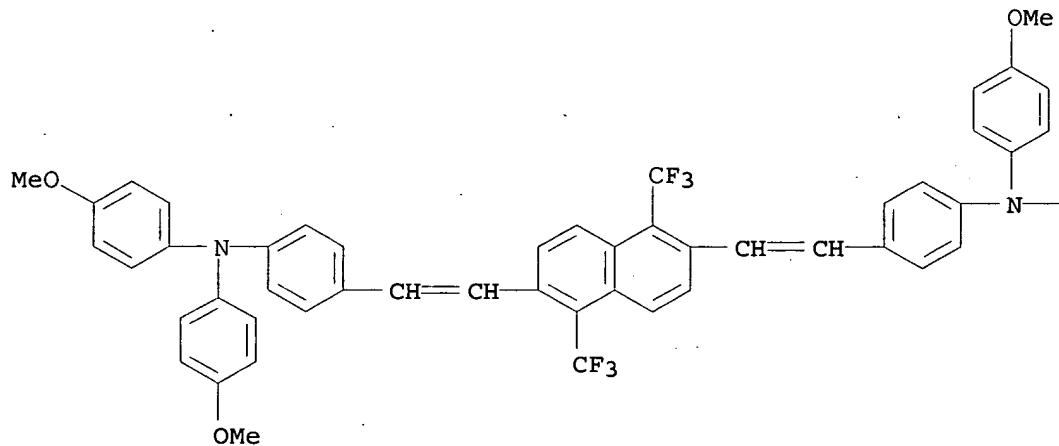
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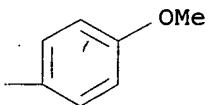
RN 367509-38-4 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[{[1,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,6-naphthalenediyl]di-2,1-ethenediyl}bis[N,N-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]}

PAGE 1-A



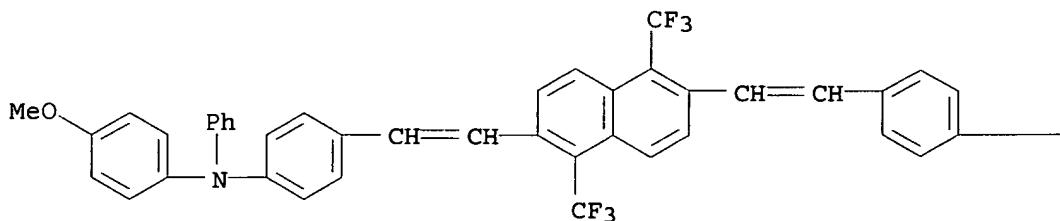
PAGE 1-B



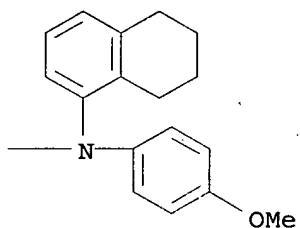
RN 367509-39-5 HCPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenamine, 5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-N-[4-[2-[6-[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]-1,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-2-naphthalenyl]ethenyl]phenyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



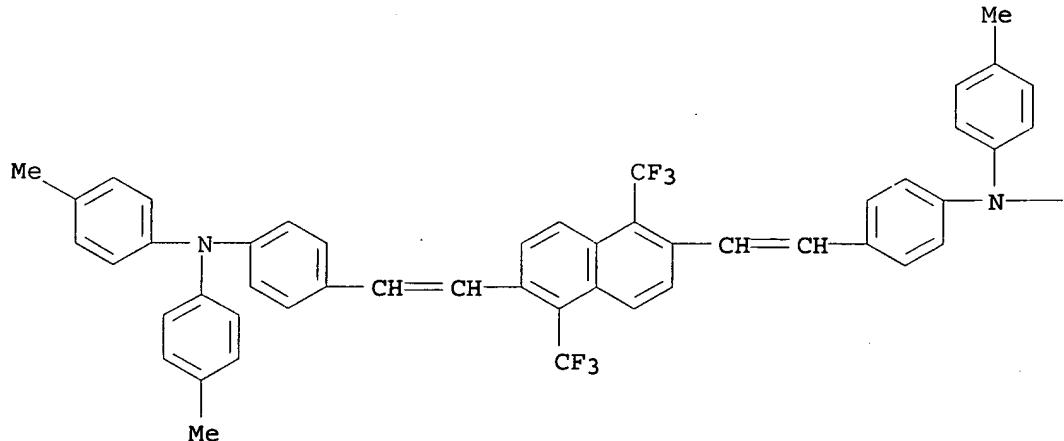
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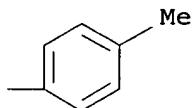
RN 367509-40-8 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[{[1,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,6-naphthalenediyil]di-2,1-ethenediyl}bis[N,N-bis(4-methylphenyl)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



IC ICM C09K011-06  
 ICS H05B033-14; H05B033-22  
 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 ST electroluminescent element app aminostyryl compd  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
     (organic electroluminescent element and luminescent apparatus employing the same)  
 IT 4733-39-5 51325-91-8 123847-85-8, α-NPD 232948-26-4  
 251101-60-7 253868-17-6 253868-91-6 288626-78-8  
 288626-79-9 288626-80-2 288626-81-3 288626-82-4  
 288626-90-4 322475-09-2 333339-14-3  
**333339-15-4 333339-16-5 333339-20-1**  
 367509-22-6 367509-23-7 367509-24-8 367509-25-9  
 367509-26-0 367509-27-1 367509-28-2 367509-29-3  
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 367509-34-0 367509-35-1 367509-36-2 367509-37-3  
**367509-38-4 367509-39-5 367509-40-8**  
 367509-41-9 367509-42-0  
     (organic electroluminescent element and luminescent apparatus employing the same)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

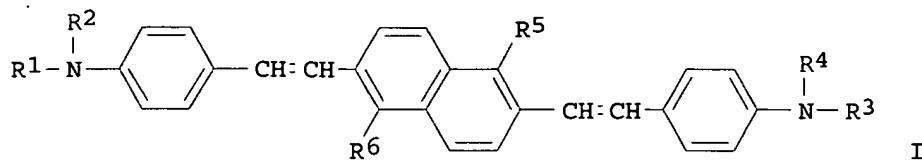
L13 ANSWER 16 OF 22 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:269310 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:280613  
 TITLE: Preparation of luminescent bis(aminostyryl)naphthalenes and their intermediates  
 INVENTOR(S): Ichimura, Mari; Ishibashi, Tadashi; Tamura, Shinichiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 81 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2001106658	A2	20010417	JP 1999-285255	1999 1006

EP 1092704	A2	20010418	EP 2000-121753	
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				1005
EP 1092704	A3	20010425		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT; LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
US 6492557	B1	20021210	US 2000-680386	
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US 2003069448	A1	20030410	US 2002-231355	
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US 2003073867	A1	20030417	US 2002-231419	
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US 6790974	B2	20040914		
US 2003212289	A1	20031113	US 2003-390381	
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US 2003220523	A1	20031127	US 2003-392435	
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US 6774257	B2	20040810		
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OTHER SOURCE(S) :  
GI

CASREACT 134:280613; MARPAT 134:280613



AB Title compds. I [R1-R4 = (un)substituted aryl; R5, R6 = H, cyano, NO<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>3</sub>, halo], useful for **electroluminescent** devices, and their intermediates are prepared 1,5-Dicyano-2,6-bis(diethoxyphosphorylmethyl)naphthalene (preparation given) was treated with NaH followed by p-MeOC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NPhC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CHO-p in THF/DMF at room temperature for 10 h to give 20% I (R1 = R4 = C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>OMe-p, R2 = R3 = Ph, R5 = R6 = cyano) having visible absorption maximum at 493 nm and fluorescence maximum at 545 nm.

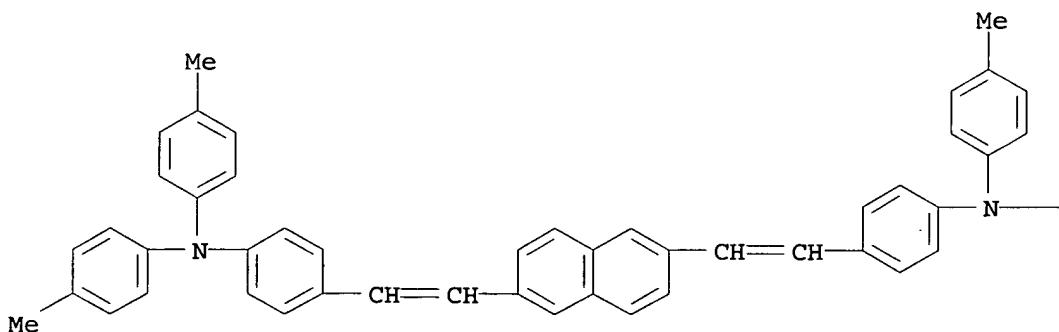
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(preparation of luminescent bis(aminostyryl)naphthalenes for **electroluminescent** devices)

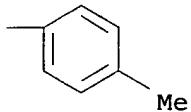
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CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediylid-2,1-ethenediyl)bis[N,N-bis(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)]

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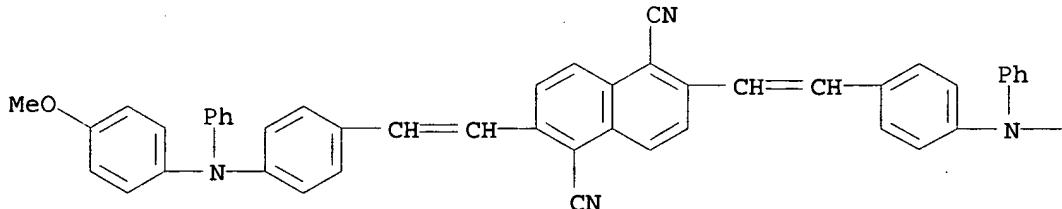
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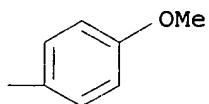
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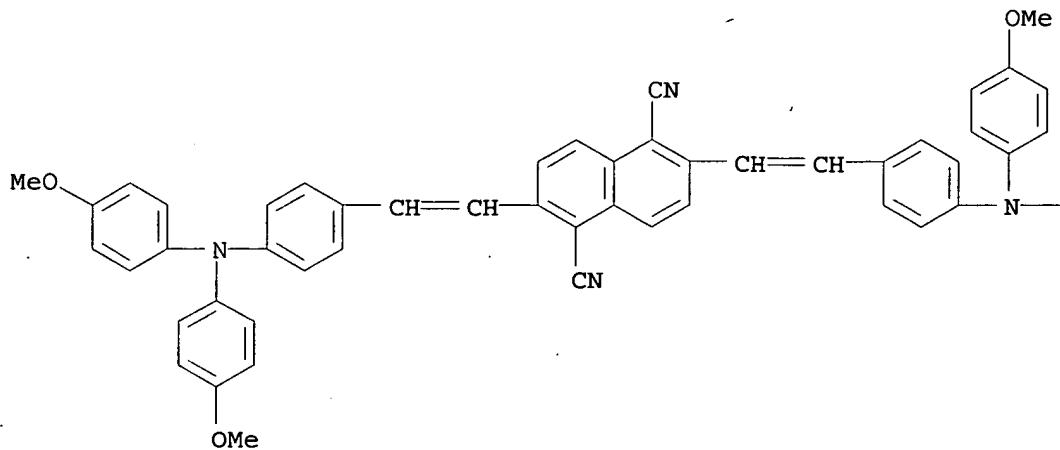
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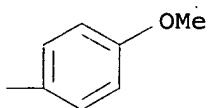
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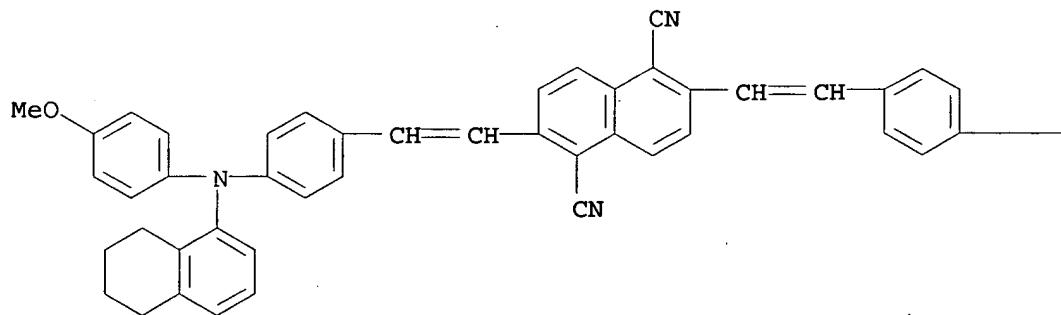
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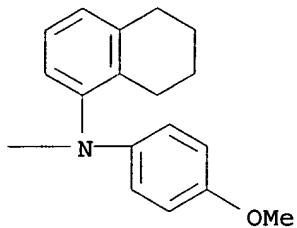
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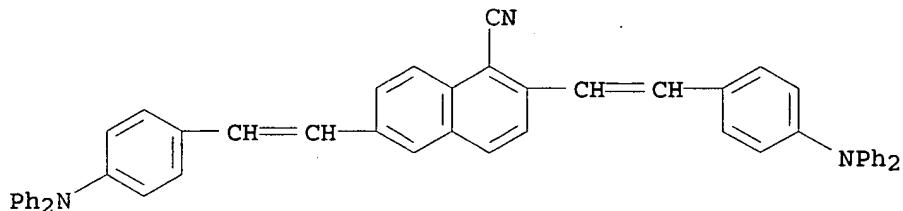


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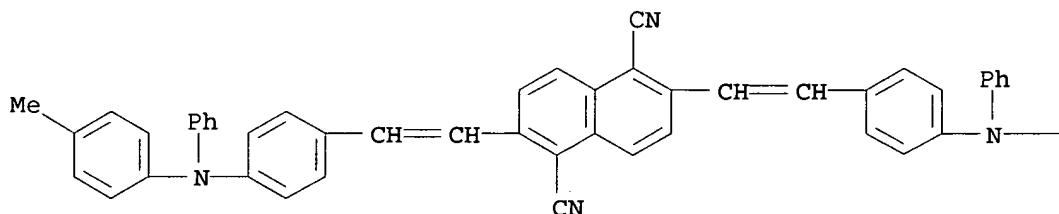
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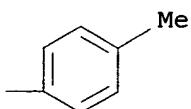
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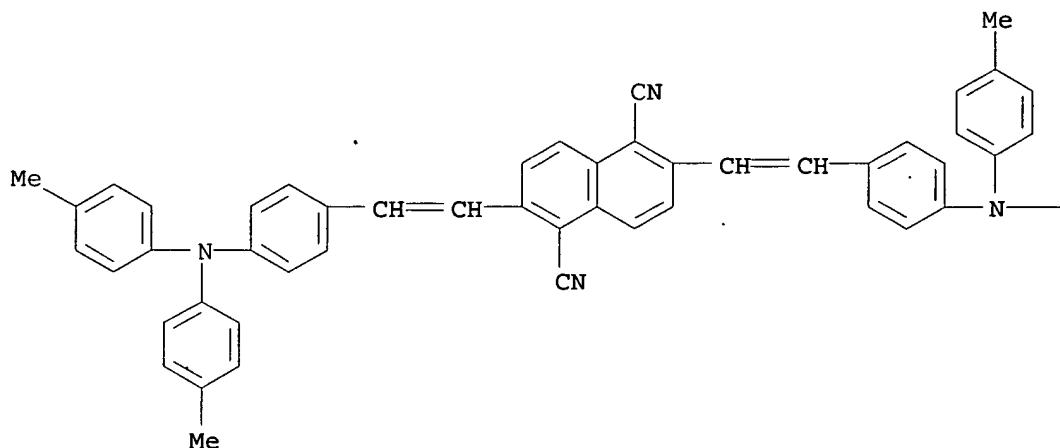
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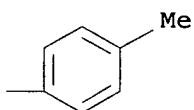
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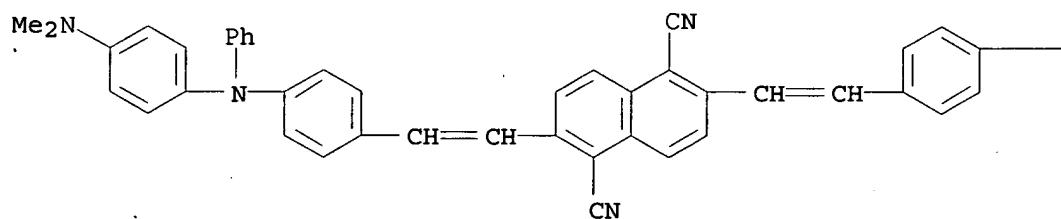
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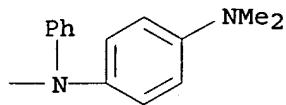
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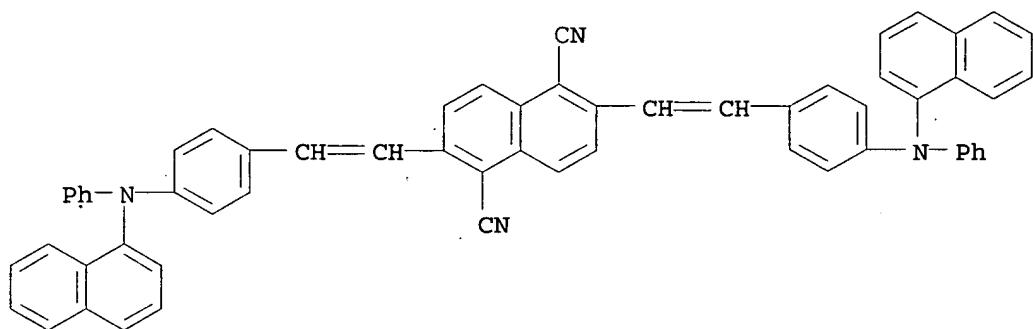


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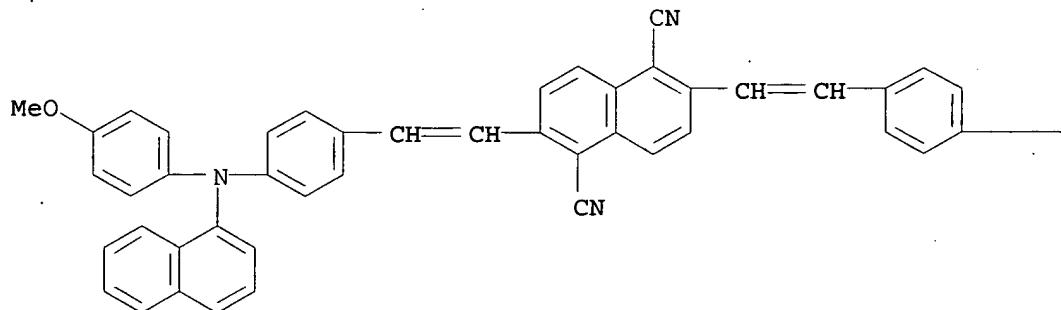
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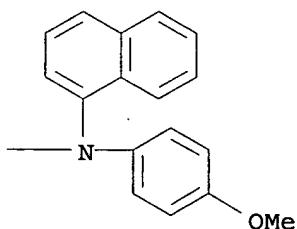
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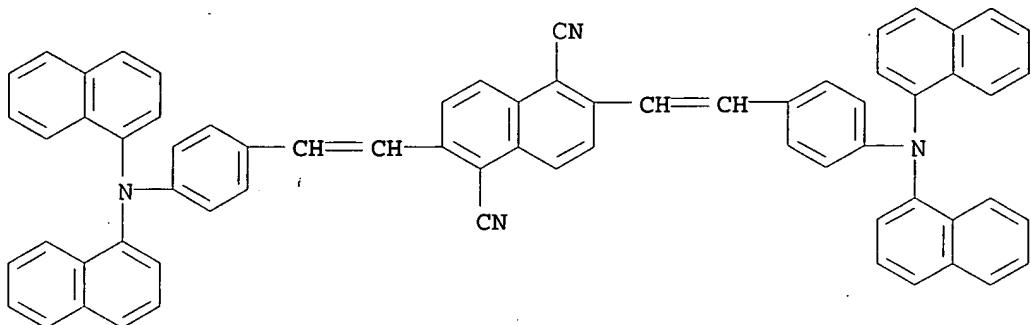


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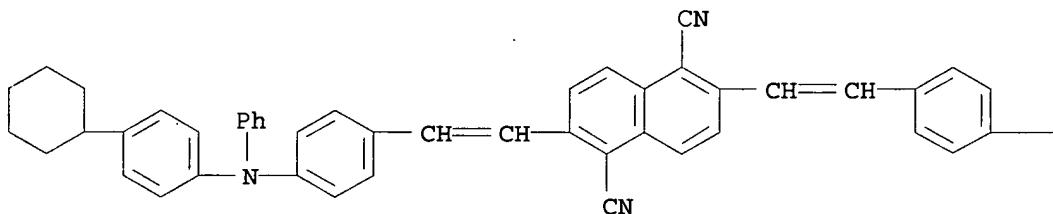
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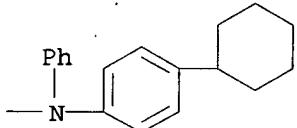
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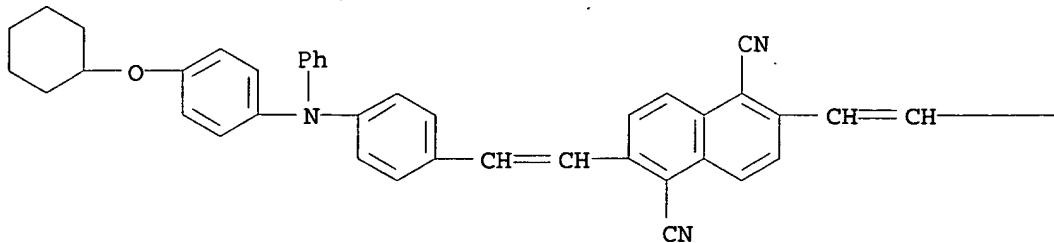
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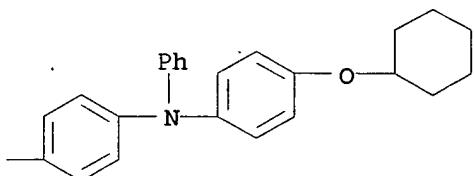
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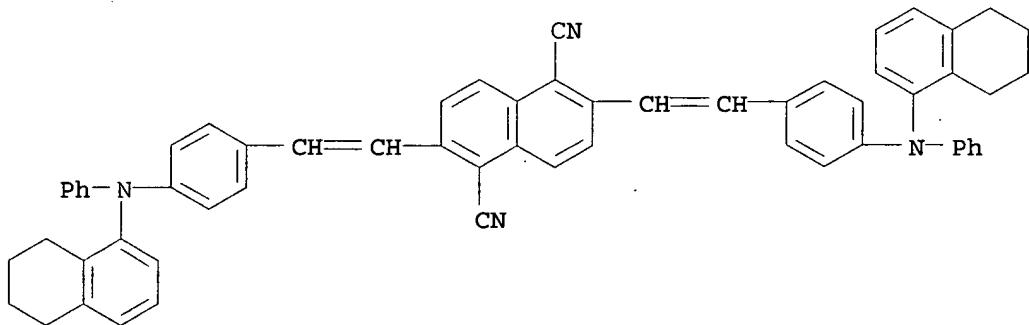


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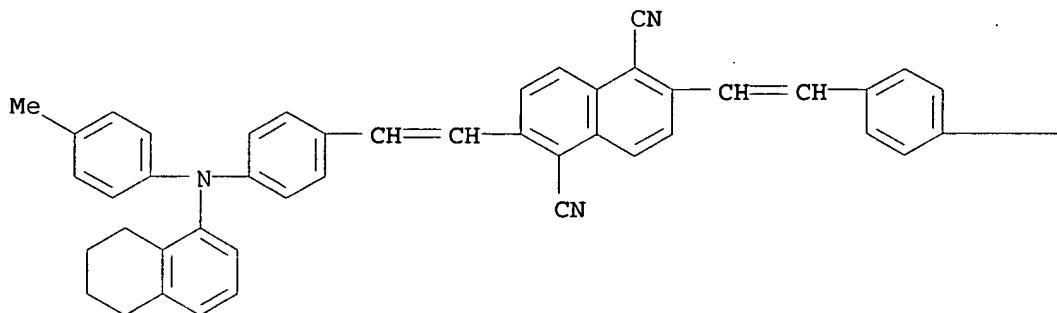
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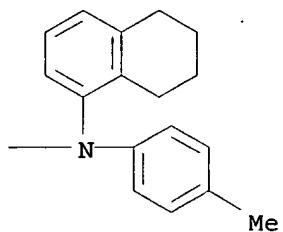
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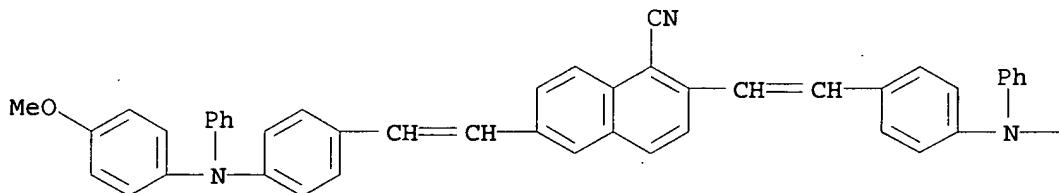
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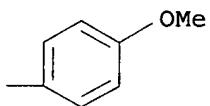
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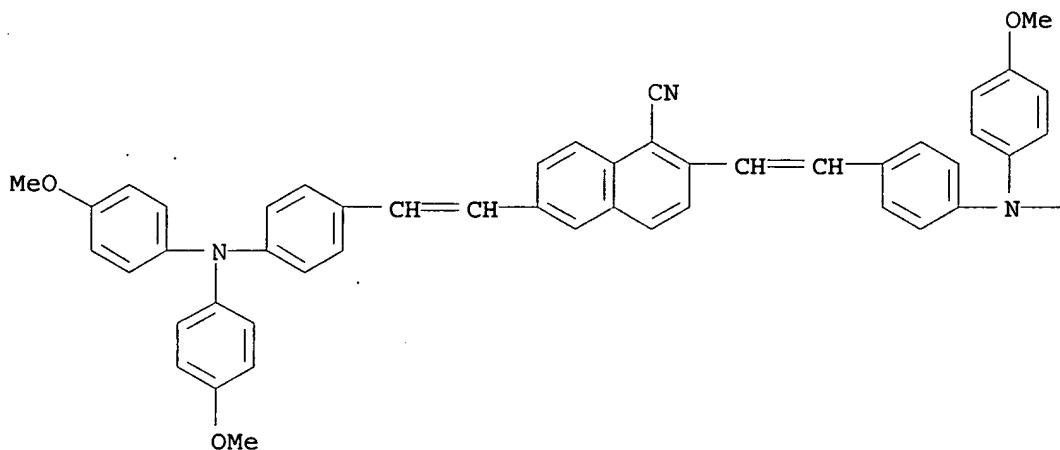
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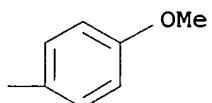
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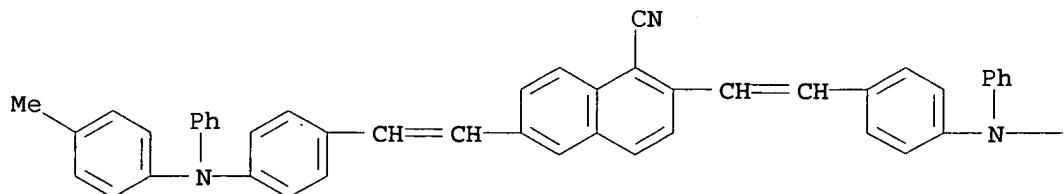
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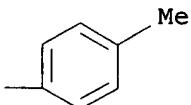
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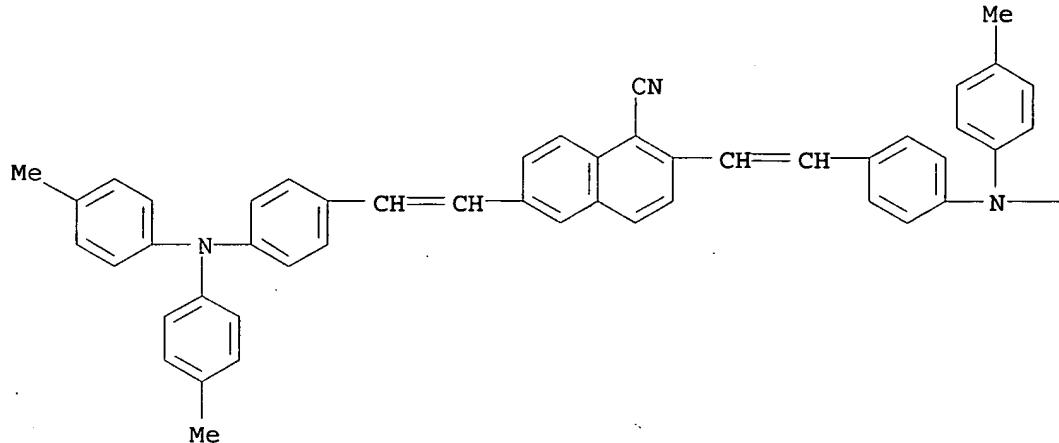
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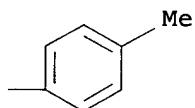
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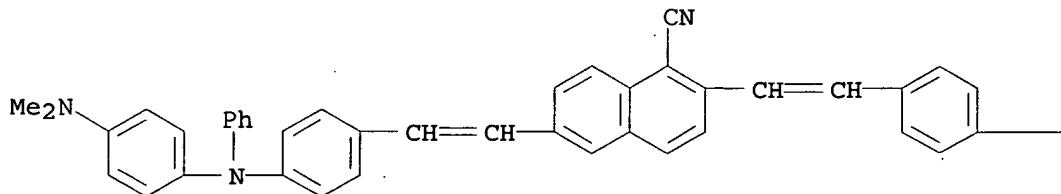
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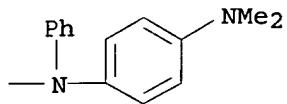
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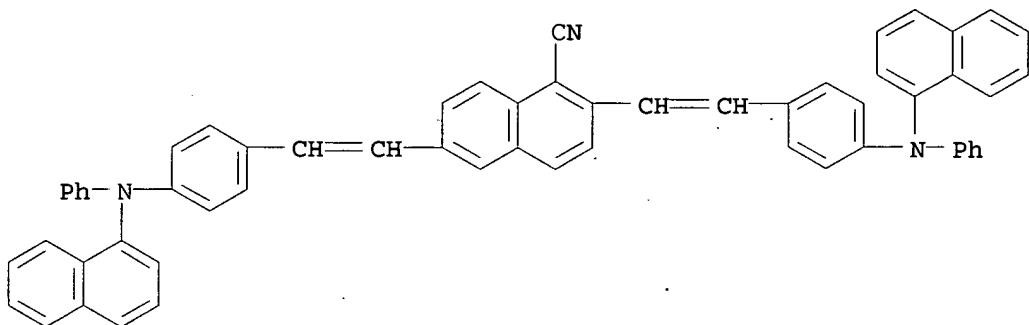


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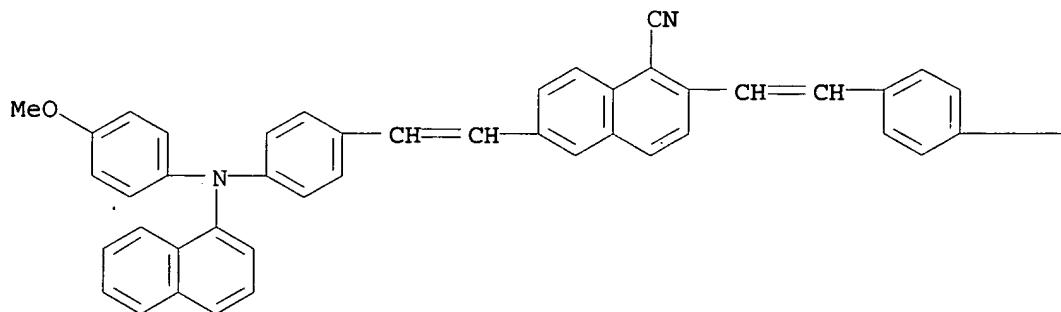
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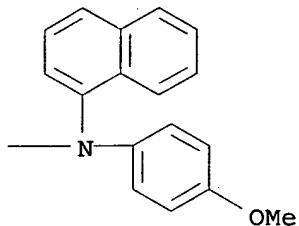
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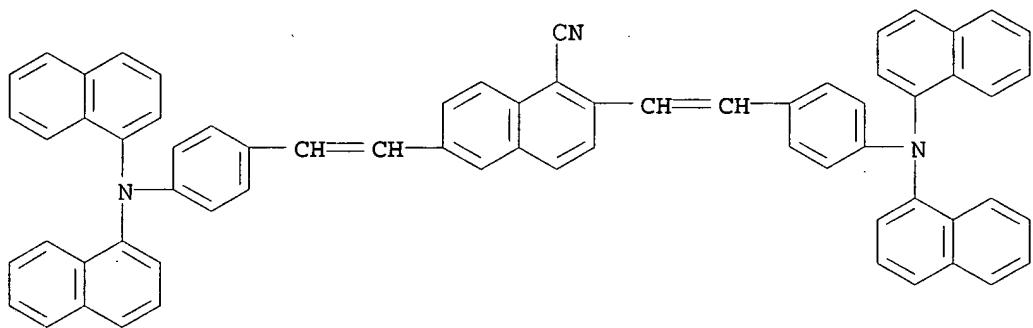


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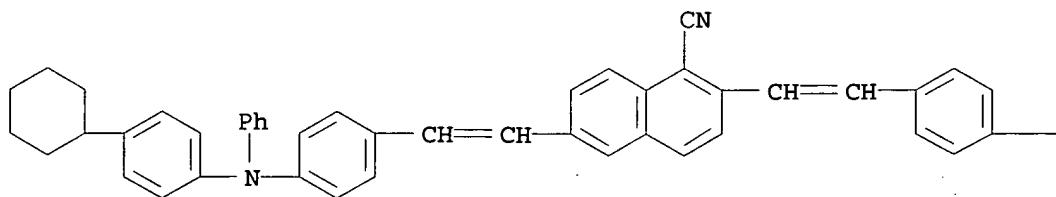
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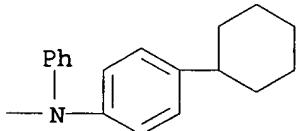
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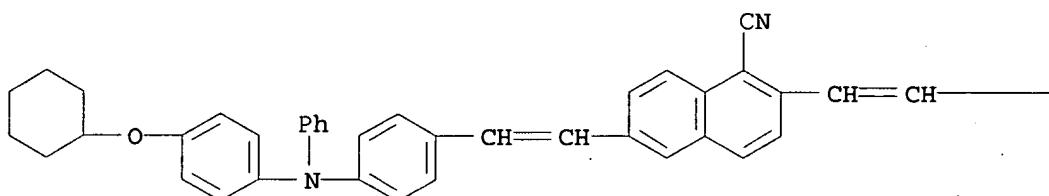
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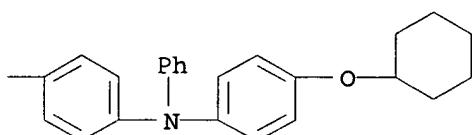
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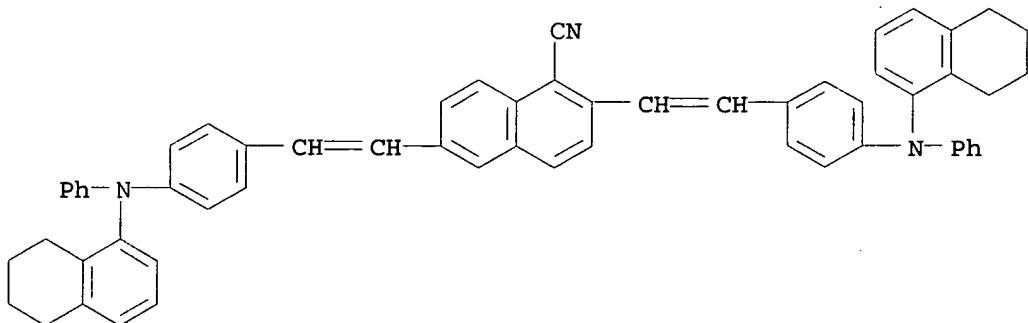


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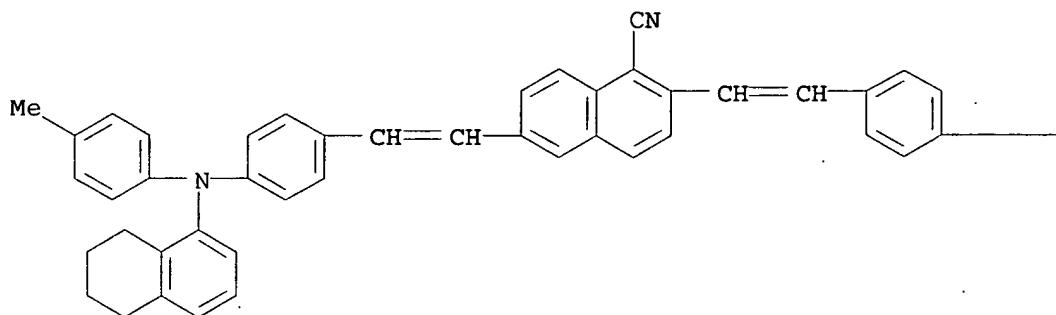
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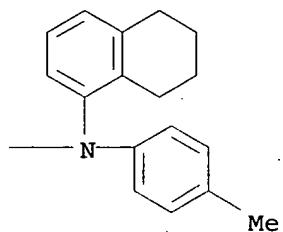
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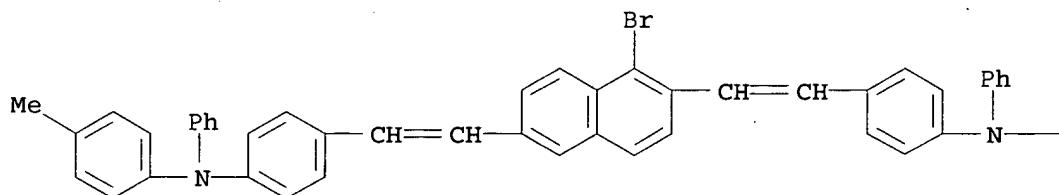
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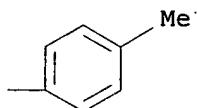
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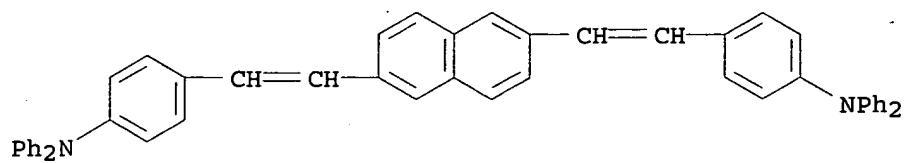


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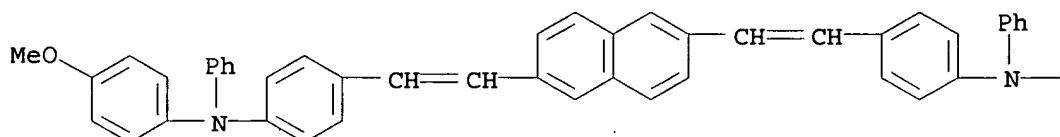
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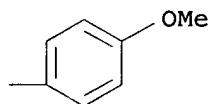
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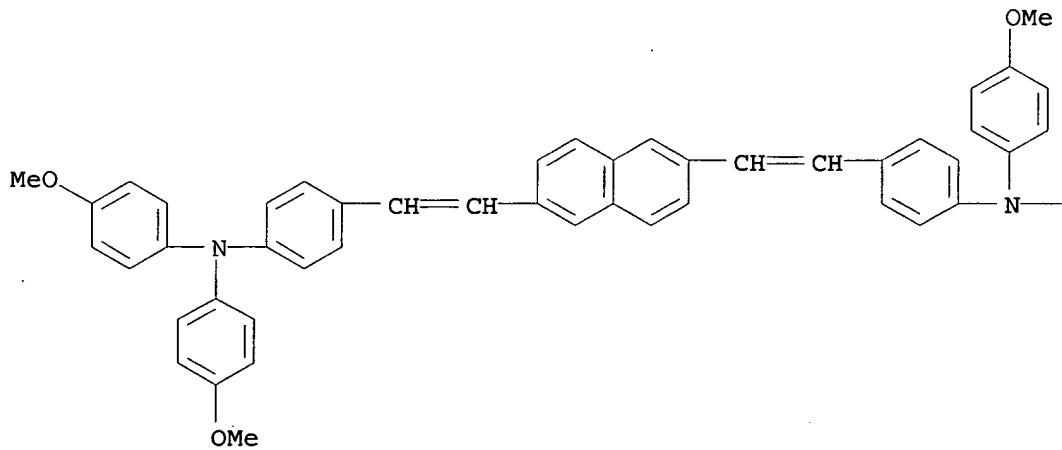
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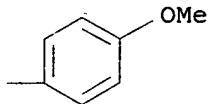
RN 333339-47-2 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediyldi-2,1-ethenediyl)bis[N,N-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



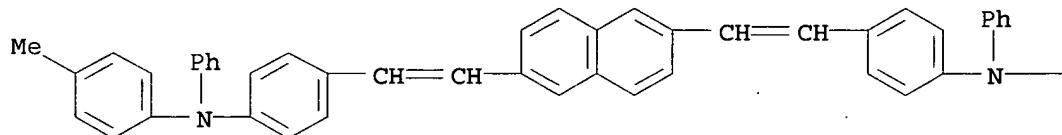
PAGE 1-B



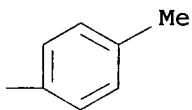
RN 333339-48-3 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediyldi-2,1-ethenediyl)bis[N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



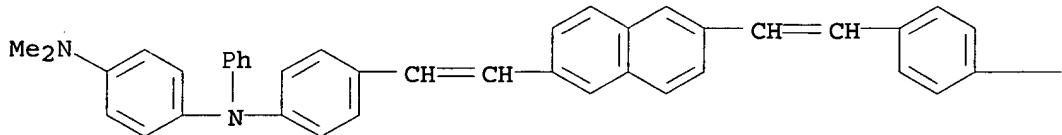
PAGE 1-B



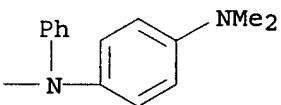
RN 333339-49-4 HCPLUS

CN 1,4-Benzenediamine, N,N'-(2,6-naphthalenediylbis(2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene)]bis[N',N'-dimethyl-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

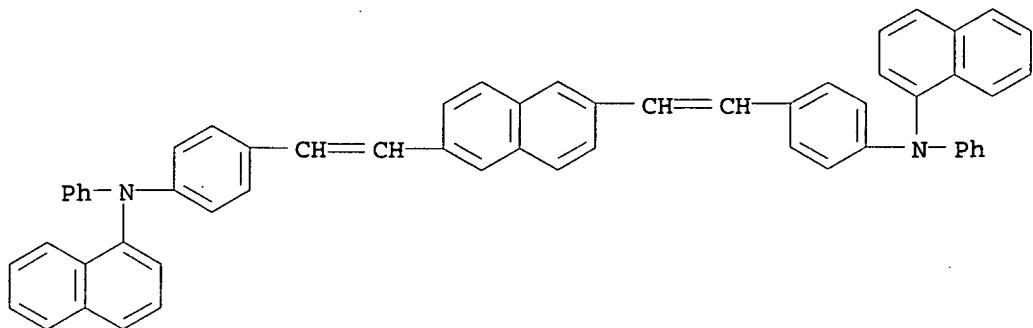


PAGE 1-B



RN 333339-50-7 HCPLUS

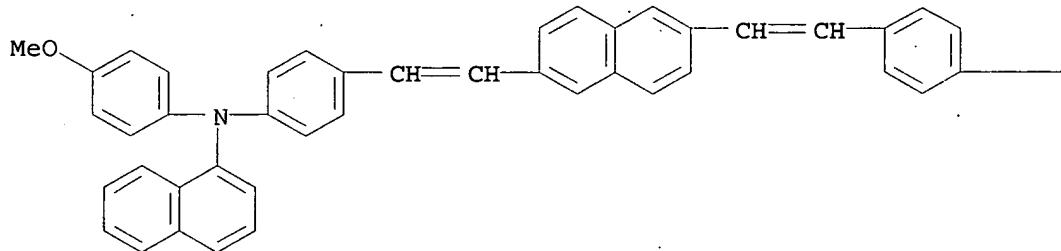
CN 1-Naphthalenamine, N,N'-(2,6-naphthalenediylbis(2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene)]bis[N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



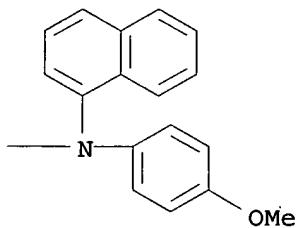
RN 333339-51-8 HCPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenamine, N,N'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis(2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene)]bis[N-(4-methoxyphenyl)-] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

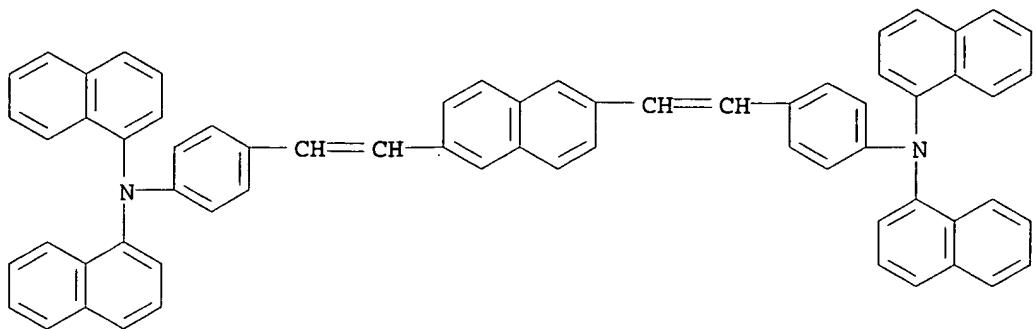


PAGE 1-B



RN 333339-52-9 HCPLUS

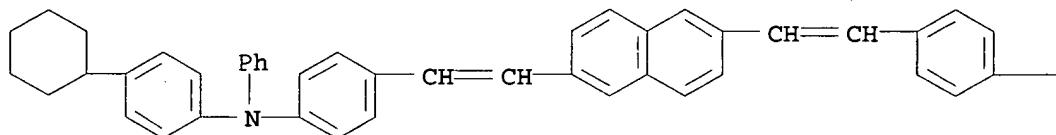
CN 1-Naphthalenamine, N,N'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis(2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene)]bis[N-(1-naphthalenyl)-] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



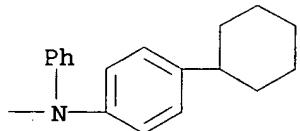
RN 333339-53-0 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediyldi-2,1-ethenediyl)bis[N-(4-cyclohexylphenyl)-N-phenyl-] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



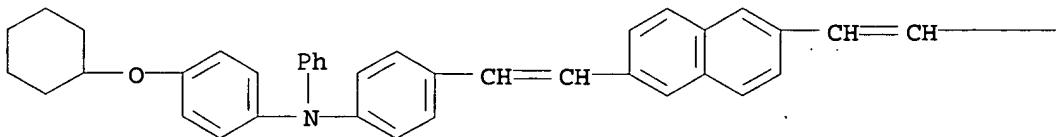
PAGE 1-B



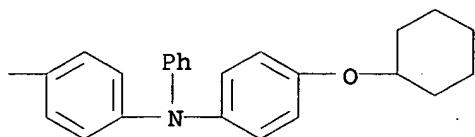
RN 333339-54-1 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediyldi-2,1-ethenediyl)bis[N-[4-(cyclohexyloxy)phenyl]-N-phenyl-] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

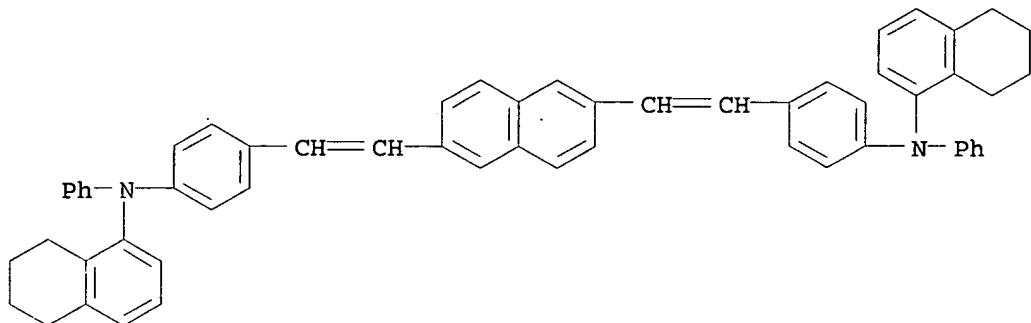


PAGE 1-B



RN 333339-55-2 HCAPLUS

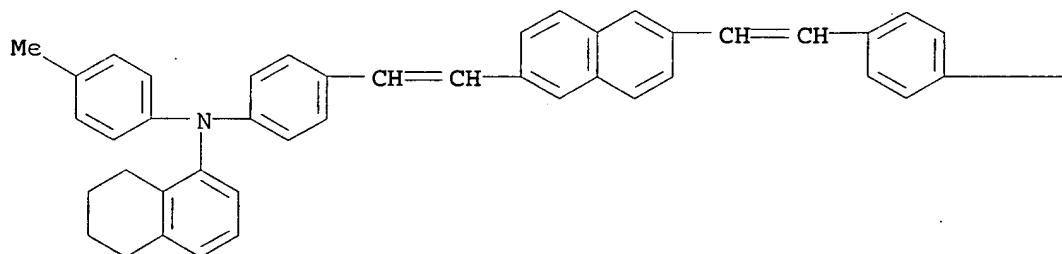
CN 1-Naphthalenamine, N,N'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis(2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene)]bis[5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



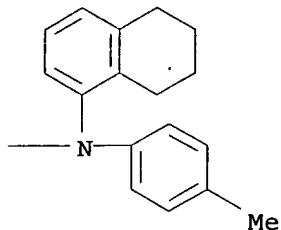
RN 333339-56-3 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenamine, N,N'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis(2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene)]bis[5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



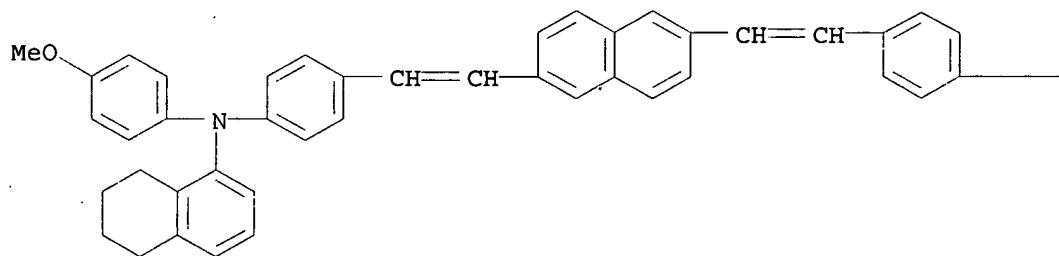
PAGE 1-B



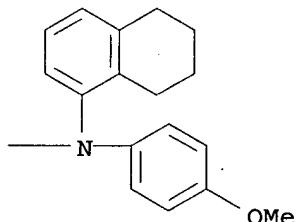
RN 333339-57-4 HCPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenamine, N,N'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis(2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene)]bis[5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



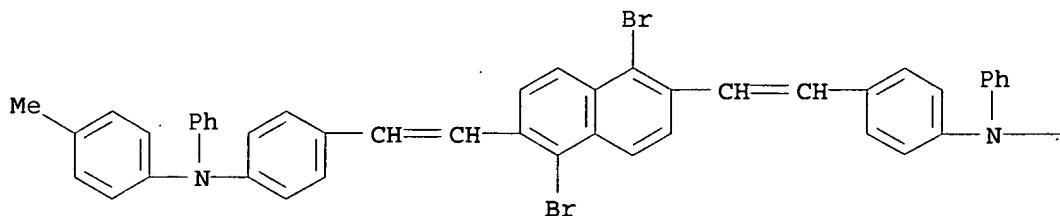
PAGE 1-B



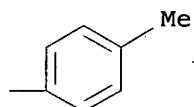
RN 333340-62-8 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[ (1,5-dibromo-2,6-naphthalenediyl)di-2,1-ethenediyl]bis[N-(4-methylphenyl)-N-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

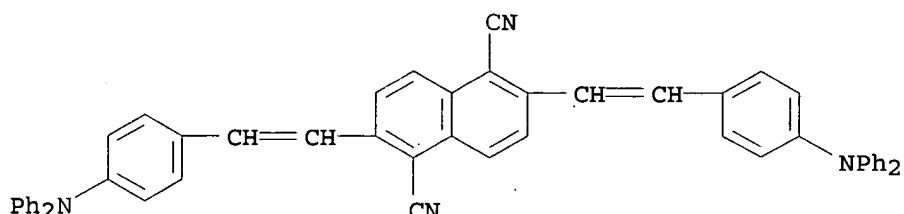


PAGE 1-B



RN 333340-65-1 HCPLUS

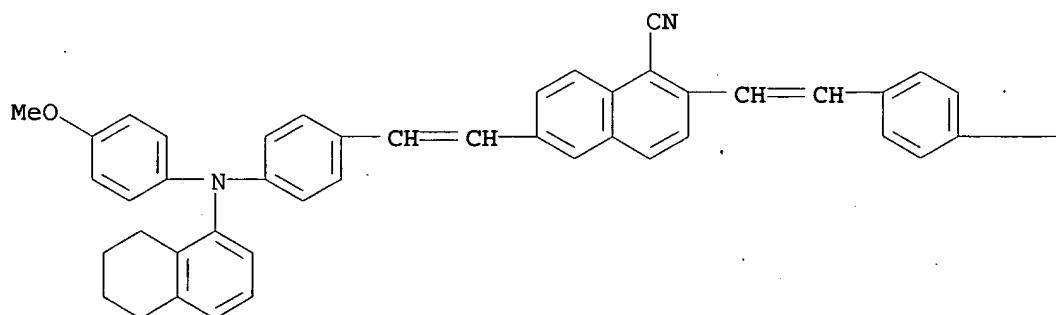
CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



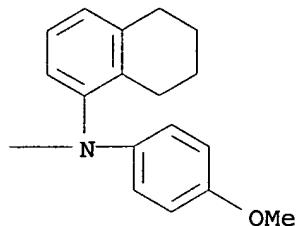
RN 333340-67-3 HCPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenecarbonitrile, 2,6-bis[2-[4-[(4-methoxyphenyl)(5,6,7,8-tetrahydro-1-naphthyl)amino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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PAGE 1-B



IC ICM C07C211-54  
 ICS C07C255-58; C07F009-40; C07F009-54; C09K011-06; H05B033-14  
 CC 25-24 (Benzene, Its Derivatives, and Condensed Benzenoid Compounds)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 74  
 ST aminostyrylnaphthalene fluorescent prepn  
 electroluminescent device; naphthalene bisaminostyryl  
 prepn electroluminescent device; Wittig reaction  
 benzaldehyde naphthalene phosphonate  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
 Fluorescent substances  
 (preparation of luminescent bis(aminostyryl)naphthalenes  
 for electroluminescent devices)  
 IT 122-52-1, Triethyl phosphite 36063-00-0 87755-82-6  
 89115-20-8 288627-01-0  
 (preparation of luminescent bis(aminostyryl)naphthalenes  
 for electroluminescent devices)  
 IT 333339-13-2P 333339-17-6P  
 (preparation of luminescent bis(aminostyryl)naphthalenes  
 for electroluminescent devices)  
 IT 62555-81-1P 63804-66-0P 333339-14-3P  
 333339-15-4P 333339-16-5P 333339-18-7P  
 333339-19-8P 333339-20-1P 333339-21-2P  
 333339-22-3P 333339-23-4P 333339-24-5P  
 333339-25-6P 333339-26-7P 333339-27-8P  
 333339-28-9P 333339-29-0P 333339-30-3P  
 333339-31-4P 333339-32-5P 333339-34-7P  
 333339-35-8P 333339-36-9P 333339-37-0P  
 333339-38-1P 333339-39-2P 333339-40-5P  
 333339-41-6P 333339-42-7P 333339-43-8P  
 333339-44-9P 333339-45-0P 333339-46-1P  
 333339-47-2P 333339-48-3P 333339-49-4P  
 333339-50-7P 333339-51-8P 333339-52-9P  
 333339-53-0P 333339-54-1P 333339-55-2P  
 333339-56-3P 333339-57-4P 333340-62-8P  
 333340-65-1P 333340-67-3P  
 (preparation of luminescent bis(aminostyryl)naphthalenes  
 for electroluminescent devices)

L13 ANSWER 17 OF 22 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:457176 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:81385  
 TITLE: Organic electroluminescent devices  
 INVENTOR(S): Hosokawa, Chishio; Funehashi, Masakazu;  
 Kawamura, Hisayuki; Arai, Hiromasa; Koga,  
 Hidetoshi; Ikeda, Hidetsugu  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 167 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

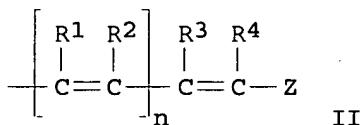
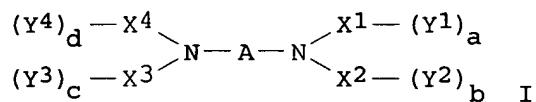
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000039247	A1	20000706	WO 1999-JP7390	1999 1228
W: CN, KR, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 2001052868	A2	20010223	JP 1999-223056	1999 0805
JP 2001131541	A2	20010515	JP 1999-347848	1999 1207
EP 1061112	A1	20001220	EP 1999-961465	1999 1228
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
US 6743948	B1	20040601	US 2000-623057	2000 0825
US 2003072966	A1	20030417	US 2002-179179	2002 0626
US 2005038296	A1	20050217	US 2004-814121	2004 0401
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			JP 1998-373921	A 1998 1228
			JP 1999-140103	A 1999 0520
			JP 1999-223056	A 1999 0805
			JP 1999-234652	A 1999 0820
			JP 1999-347848	A 1999 1207
			WO 1999-JP7390	W 1999 1228

US 2000-623057

A3

2000  
0825OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 133:81385  
GI

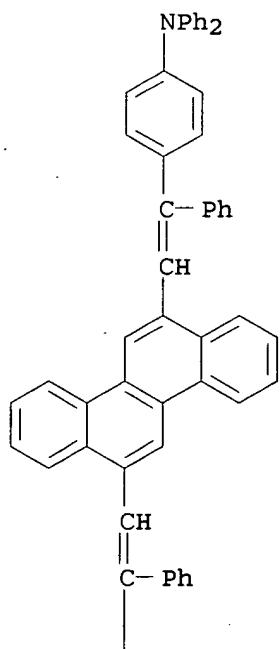
AB The devices having a high **luminescent efficiency**, a long life and a high heat resistance comprise I ( A = (substituted) C22-60 arylene; X1-4 = (substituted) C6-30 arylene; Y1-4 = II; a-d = 0-2; R1-4 = H, (substituted) alkyl, (substituted) aryl, cyano; R3 may be bonded to R4 to form a triple bond; Z = (substituted) aryl; n = 0, 1).

IT 279672-41-2  
(organic electroluminescent devices)

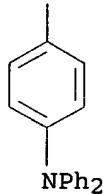
RN 279672-41-2 HCPLUS

CN Benzenamine, 4,4'-[6,12-chrysenediylbis(1-phenyl-2,1-ethenediyl)]bis[N,N-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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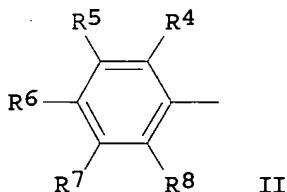
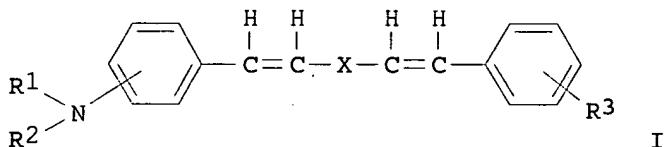
IC ICM C09K011-06  
 ICS C07C211-54; C07C211-58; C07C209-10; B01J031-24; H05B033-14  
 CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other  
 Related Properties)  
 ST org luminous long life electroluminescent device  
 IT Thermal resistance  
     (organic electroluminescent devices)  
 IT Polycarbonates, uses  
     (organic electroluminescent devices)  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
     (zg43org. electroluminescent devices)  
 IT 2085-33-8, Tris(8-quinolinolato)aluminum 12789-79-6  
 50926-11-9, ITO 65181-78-4, TPD 142289-08-5,  
 4,4'-Bis(2,2-diphenylvinyl)biphenyl 177799-11-0 181367-28-2  
 186412-15-7 205930-46-7 221453-38-9 226086-76-6  
 239475-90-2 279671-24-8 279671-53-3 279671-54-4  
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 279672-51-4 279672-52-5 279672-53-6 279672-54-7  
 279672-55-8 279672-56-9 279672-57-0 279672-58-1  
     (organic electroluminescent devices)

REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE  
 FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE  
 IN THE RE FORMAT

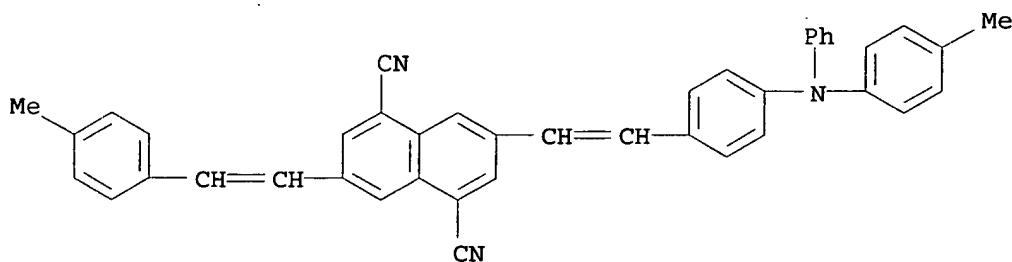
L13 ANSWER 18 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:418163. HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:65830  
 TITLE: Red-emitting organic  
       electroluminescent device  
 INVENTOR(S): Ishibashi, Tadashi; Ichimura, Mari; Tamura,  
       Shinichiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000173773	A2	20000623	JP 1998-350181	1998 1209
US 6555254	B1	20030429	US 1999-455322	1999 1206
US 2003099863	A1	20030529	US 2002-281583	2002 1028
US 6800382	B2	20041005	JP 1998-350181	A 1998 1209
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1999-455322	A3 1999 1206

OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 133:65830  
GI



- AB The invention relates to a red-emitting organic electroluminescent device, suited for use in making a full color display device, wherein the electroluminescent material comprises a distyryl compound represented by I [R1 and R2 = aryl group represented by II [R4-8 = H, alkoxy, alkyl, etc.]; R3 = H, alkoxy, amino, etc.; X = aryl and cyclic hydrocarbon groups].
- IT 276683-03-5 (red-emitting organic electroluminescent device)
- RN 276683-03-5 HCPLUS
- CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 3-[2-(4-methylphenyl)ethenyl]-7-[2-[4-[(4-methylphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

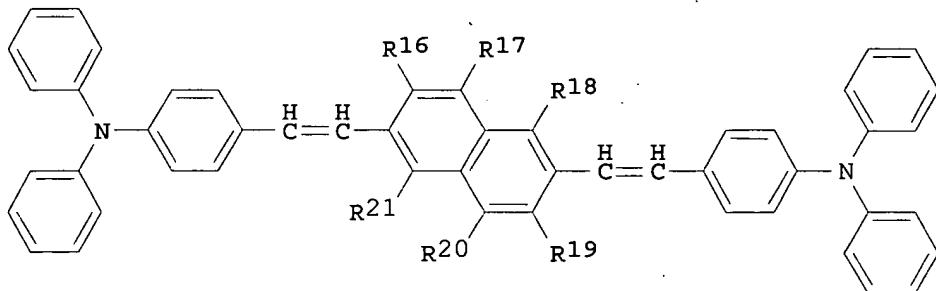
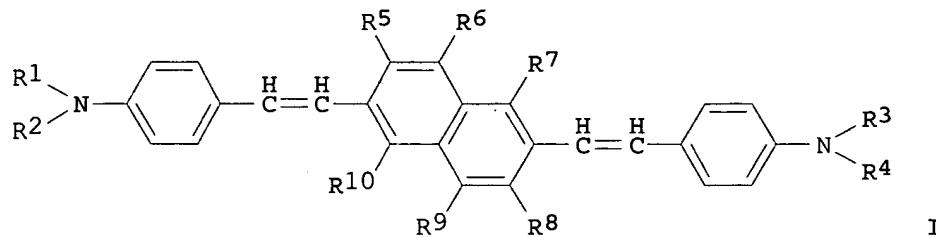


IC ICM H05B033-14  
 ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-22  
 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and  
 Other Related Properties)  
 ST distyryl compd red emitting org  
 electroluminescent device  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
 (red-emitting organic electroluminescent  
 device)  
 IT 276683-03-5 276683-04-6  
 (red-emitting organic electroluminescent  
 device)

L13 ANSWER 19 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:32673 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:85739  
 TITLE: Organic electroluminescent component  
 INVENTOR(S): Ishibashi, Yoshi; Ichimura, Mari; Tamura,  
 Shinichiro  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sony Corp., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000012226	A2	20000114	JP 1998-180581	1998 0626
JP 3555736	B2	20040818		
US 6265088	B1	20010724	US 1999-339536	1999 0624
EP 967834	A2	19991229	EP 1999-112272	1999 0625
EP 967834	A3	20000112		
EP 967834	B1	20030326		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
CN 1241892	A	20000119	CN 1999-110984	1999 0625

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1998-180581 A

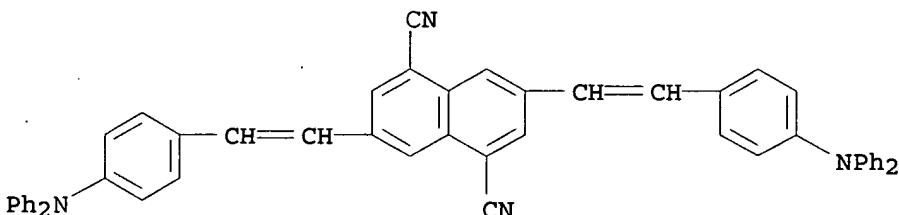
1998  
0626OTHER SOURCE(S) : MARPAT 132:85739  
GI

AB The invention refers to an organic **electroluminescent** device, suitable for use in flat panel displays such as computer monitors and TV screens, which contains the di-styryl compound I [R1-4 = (un)substituted Ph with and at least one (un)saturated alkoxy, or alkyl; and R5-10 = H, cyano, nitro or halo], and/or II [R16-21 = H, cyano, nitro, halo] as an **electroluminescent** material for red luminescence.

IT 253868-44-9 253868-45-0  
(organic **electroluminescent** component)

RN 253868-44-9 HCPLUS

CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 3,7-bis[2-[4-(diphenylamino)phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

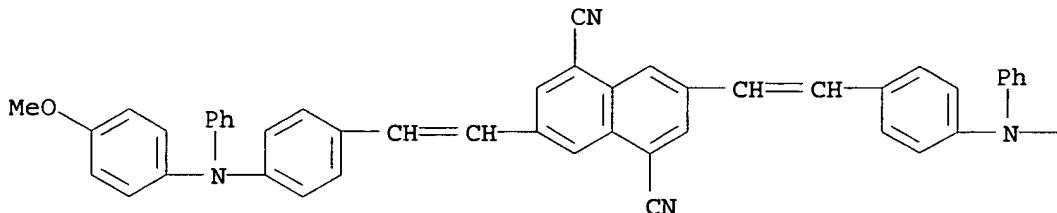


RN 253868-45-0 HCPLUS

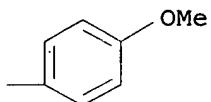
CN 1,5-Naphthalenedicarbonitrile, 3,7-bis[2-[4-[(4-

(methoxyphenyl)phenylamino]phenyl]ethenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



IC ICM H05B033-14  
 ICS C09K011-06; H05B033-22  
 CC 73-11 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 ST org electroluminescent device red luminescence  
 IT Electroluminescent devices  
 Optical imaging devices  
 (organic electroluminescent component)  
 IT 90-30-2,  $\alpha$ -Naphthylphenylamine 2085-33-8,  
 Tris(8-hydroxyquinolate) aluminum 7439-95-4, Magnesium, uses  
 7440-22-4, Silver, uses 50926-11-9, ITO 65181-78-4, TPD  
 253868-44-9 253868-45-0  
 (organic electroluminescent component)

L13 ANSWER 20 OF 22 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:177613 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:177613  
 TITLE: Organic electroluminescent elements  
 INVENTOR(S): Hosokawa, Chishio; Sakamoto, Shuji; Kusumoto, Tadashi  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 118 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 9306189	A1	19930401	WO 1992-JP1180	1992 0916

W: US

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE

JP 05247458	A2	19930924	JP 1992-50865	
				1992 0309
JP 3109894	B2	20001120		
JP 05135878	A2	19930601	JP 1992-51955	
				1992 0310
JP 3109896	B2	20001120		
EP 557534	A1	19930901	EP 1992-919965	
				1992 0916
US 5389444	A	19950214	US 1993-50489	
				1993 0511
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-238111	A
				1991 0918
			JP 1992-50865	A
				1992 0309
			JP 1992-51955	A
				1992 0310
			WO 1992-JP1180	W
				1992 0916

AB The element comprises a phosphor and/or a hole-transporter material consisting of a polycarbonate having a styrylamine or a diarylvinylenearylene structure as the repeating unit. The element has a high luminance and a long-life stability.

IT 152849-09-7P  
(prepare and use of, as electroluminescent phosphors and/or hole transporters)

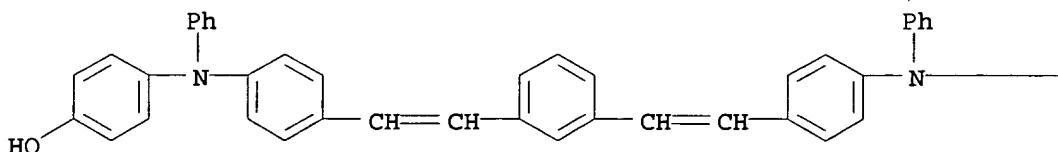
RN 152849-09-7 HCAPLUS

CN Carbonic acid, polymer with 4,4'-(2,6-naphthalenediylbis[2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene[(4-methylphenyl)imino]])bis[phenol] and 4,4'-(1,3-phenylenebis[2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene(phenylimino)])bis[phenol] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

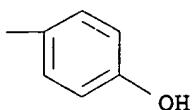
CM 1

CRN 152849-08-6  
CMF C46 H36 N2 O2

PAGE 1-A



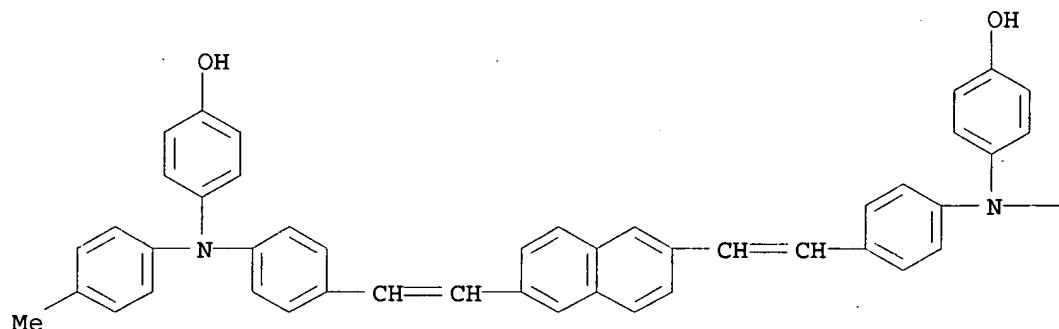
PAGE 1-B



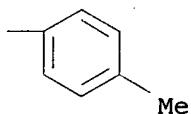
CM 2

CRN 152849-07-5  
CMF C52 H42 N2 O2

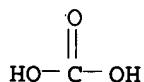
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



CM 3

CRN 463-79-6  
CMF C H2 O3IC ICM C09K011-06  
ICS H05B033-14

CC 73-5 (Optical, Electron, and Mass Spectroscopy and Other Related Properties)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 38  
 ST electroluminescent polycarbonate phosphor hole transporter manuf  
 IT Polycarbonates, uses  
     (electroluminescent phosphors and hole-transporters from)  
 IT Phosphors  
     (polycarbonate, and hole-transporters for electroluminescent elements)  
 IT 146162-90-5P 152848-66-3P 152848-68-5P 152848-70-9P  
 152848-72-1P 152848-74-3P 152848-77-6P 152848-79-8P  
 152848-81-2P 152848-83-4P 152848-84-5P 152848-96-9P  
 152848-97-0P 152848-98-1P 152848-99-2P 152849-00-8P  
 152849-01-9P 152849-03-1P 152849-04-2P 152849-06-4P  
**152849-09-7P** 152849-10-0P 152849-12-2P 152849-14-4P  
 152849-15-5P 152849-16-6P 152849-18-8P 152849-19-9P  
 152849-20-2P 152849-22-4P 152849-24-6P 152849-25-7P  
 152849-27-9P 152875-42-8P 152875-44-0P 153568-88-8P  
     (prepare and use of, as electroluminescent phosphors and/or hole transporters)

L13 ANSWER 21 OF 22 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:605776 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:205776  
 TITLE: Electrically photosensitive materials and elements for photoelectrophoretic imaging  
 INVENTOR(S): Isaacson, Henry Verschay; Wright, Beth George; Wright, Hal Eldon  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eastman Kodak Co., USA  
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 45 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 52513	A2	19820526	EP 1981-305432	1981 1117
EP 52513 R: DE, FR, GB US 4331751	A3	19820609		
	A	19820525	US 1980-207114	1980 1117
JP 57116376	A2	19820720	JP 1981-183192	1981 1117
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1980-207114	A 1980 1117

GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT

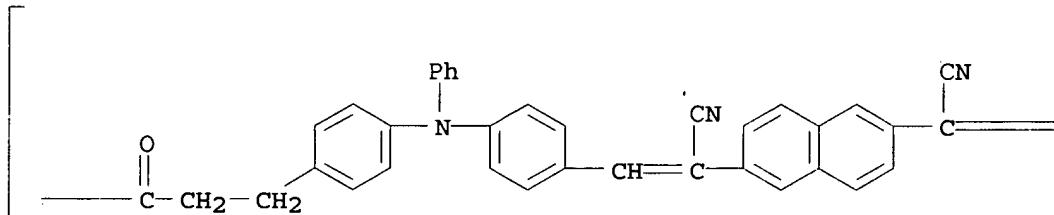
AB Elec. photosensitive compns. for use in photoelectrophoretic imaging process contain an elec. photosensitive polymer of the formula I (R, R<sub>3</sub> = C<sub>1-18</sub> alkyl or aryl; R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> = H or an electron-withdrawing group; Z = arylene; Z<sub>1</sub>, Z<sub>2</sub> = alkylene or arylene; Z<sub>3</sub>, Z<sub>4</sub> = oxy, imino, thio, carbonyloxy, oxycarbonyl, iminocarbonyl, carbonyldioxy, arylene, carbonyloxy carbonyl, sulfonyl, and the like; a, d = 0 or 1; b, c = 1-25; n ≥ 2). Thus, an elec. sensitive composition was prepared by ball-milling Cyan Blué GTNF in a CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> solution of II with 1/8 in. stainless steel balls for 5 days. The pigment to polymer ratio was 1/0.5 by weight. The dispersion was then precipitated by pouring into Isopar G, the elec. photosensitive composite particles isolated by centrifuging, and the precipitate then redispersed with lauryl methacrylate-Li methacrylate-methacrylic acid-vinyltoluene copolymer in isopar at a pigment to polymer ratio of 1/0.5 by weight. The resulting dispersion showed a relative sensitivity to a red filtered white light exposure of 640 for a pos. image and 580 for a neg. image vs. 100 and 100, resp., for a II-free control.

IT 64815-70-9 64844-92-4  
(elec. photosensitive compns. containing, for electrophoretic imaging)

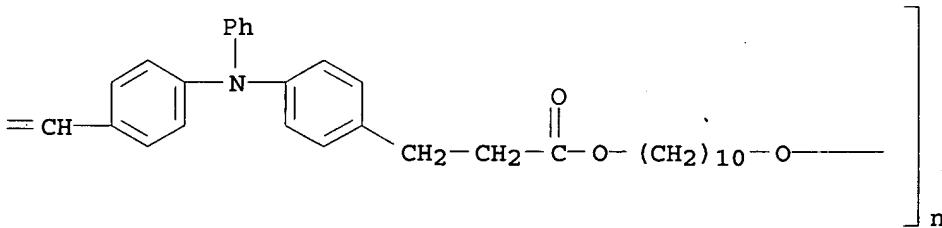
RN 64815-70-9 HCAPLUS

CN Poly[oxy-1,10-decanediyoxy(1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-1,2-ethenediyl)-2,6-naphthalenediyl(1-cyano-1,2-ethenediyl)-1,4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1,4-phenylene(3-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



RN 64844-92-4 HCAPLUS

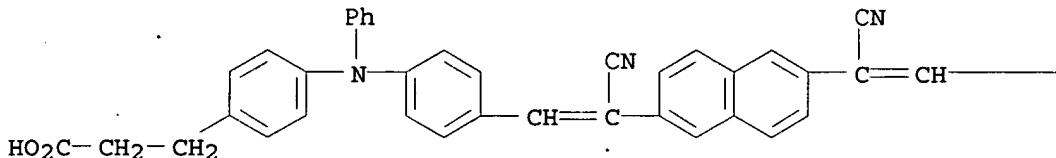
CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4,4'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis[(2-cyano-2,1-ethenediyl)-4,1-phenylene(phenylimino)]]bis-, polymer with

1,10-decanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

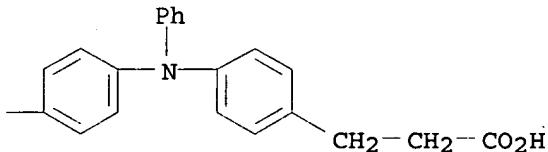
CM 1

CRN 64844-91-3  
CMF C58 H44 N4 O4

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



CM 2

CRN 112-47-0  
CMF C10 H22 O2HO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-OH

IC G03G017-04  
 CC 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)  
 IT 64815-66-3 64815-67-4 **64815-70-9** 64815-72-1  
 64819-21-2 **64844-92-4** 68135-75-1 68135-76-2  
 83210-98-4 83210-99-5 83211-01-2 83211-02-3 83211-05-6  
 83211-06-7 83211-07-8 83211-08-9 83211-09-0 83214-97-5  
 83214-98-6 83251-80-3  
 (elec. photosensitive compns. containing, for electrophoretic imaging)

L13 ANSWER 22 OF 22 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:14266 HCPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:14266  
 TITLE: Novel compounds having utility in photoconductive elements  
 Wright, Hal Eldon; Berwick, Martin Alfred  
 AUTHOR(S):  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: UK  
 SOURCE: Research Disclosure (1977), 158, 23-31 (No. 15827)  
 CODEN: RSDSBB; ISSN: 0374-4353

DOCUMENT TYPE:  
LANGUAGE:  
PATENT INFORMATION:

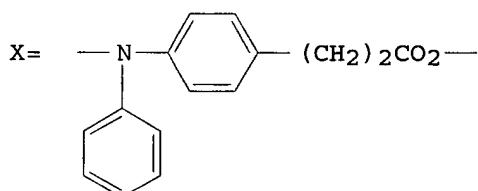
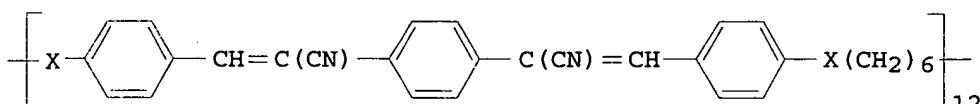
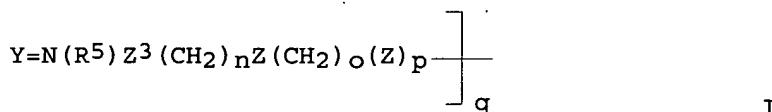
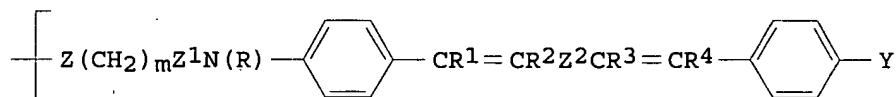
Journal; Patent  
English

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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RD 158027		19770610		
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: RD 1977-158027  
19770610

GI



II

- AB The polymeric compds. of general formula I (R, R<sub>5</sub> = aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-18 alkyl; R<sub>1-4</sub> = H, electron withdrawing group; Z = oxy, imino, thio, oxycarbonyl, iminocarbonyl, carbonyldioxy, ureylene, carbonyloxycarbonyl, sulfonyl, iminosulfonyl, iminocarbonyloxy; Z<sub>1</sub>, Z<sub>3</sub> = arylene, C<sub>2</sub>-10 alkylene; Z<sub>2</sub> = arylene; m, n, o = 1-25; p = 0.1; q ≥ 2) are incorporated into the aggregate photoconductive layers of electrophotog. materials for improved photosensitivity. Thus, an electrophotog. material was prepared by coating a conductive support with a photoconductive layer using a solution comprised of 4-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)-2,6-diphenylthiapyrylium hexafluorophosphate 1.59, a Bisphenol A polycarbonate 3.26, II 0.84, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> 171.6, and 1,1,2-trichloroethane 73.5 g and a charge-transport layer using a solution comprised of a Bisphenol A polycarbonate 8.6, Lexan 145 77.8, tri-p-tolylamine 38.2, 1,1-bis(di-p-tolylaminophenyl)cyclohexane 19.4, and CHCl<sub>3</sub> 1056 g, charged to -500 V, and exposed to 460 nm light to give a relative photosensitivity of 4.2 vs. 1.0 for a control using tri-p-tolylamine in the place of II.

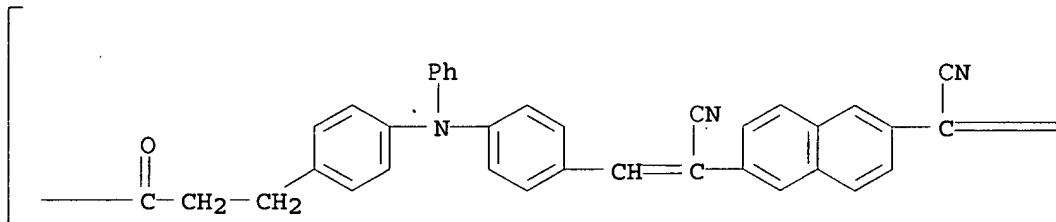
IT 64815-70-9 64815-71-0 64819-23-4  
64844-92-4

(electrophotog. sensitizer, for organic photoconductive compns.)

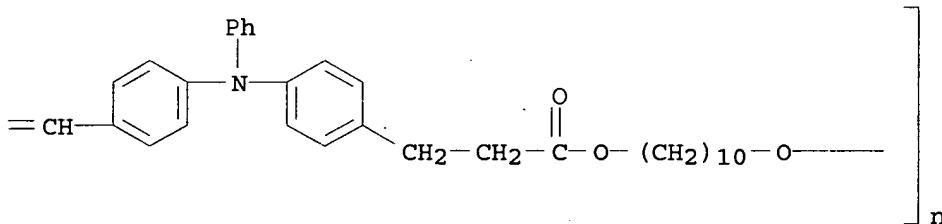
RN 64815-70-9 HCPLUS

CN Poly[oxy-1,10-decanediyoxy(1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1,4-phenylene(2-cyano-1,2-ethenediyl)-2,6-naphthalenediyl(1-cyano-1,2-ethenediyl)-1,4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1,4-phenylene(3-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



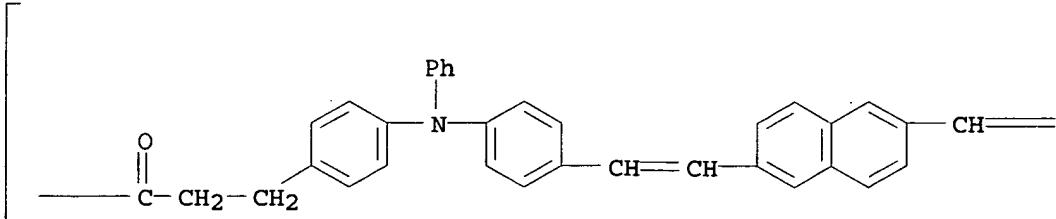
PAGE 1-B



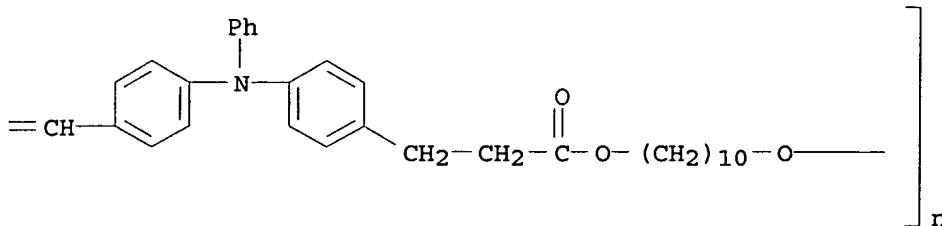
RN 64815-71-0 HCPLUS

CN Poly[oxy-1,10-decanediyoxy(1-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)-1,4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1,4-phenylene-1,2-ethenediyl-2,6-naphthalenediyl-1,2-ethenediyl-1,4-phenylene(phenylimino)-1,4-phenylene(3-oxo-1,3-propanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



RN 64819-23-4 HCAPLUS

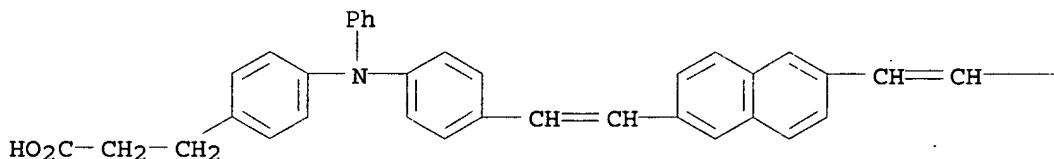
CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4,4'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis[2,1-ethenediyl-4,1-phenylene(phenylimino)]]bis-, polymer with 1,10-decanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

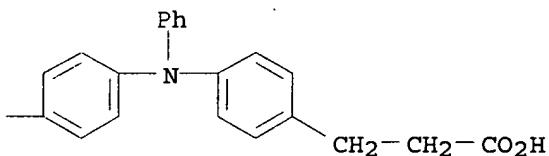
CRN 64819-22-3

CMF C56 H46 N2 O4

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



CM 2

CRN 112-47-0

CMF C10 H22 O2

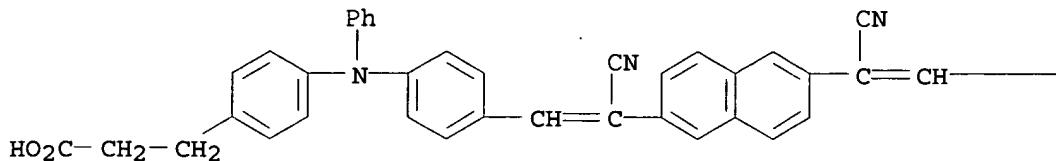
HO-(CH2)10-OH

RN 64844-92-4 HCAPLUS

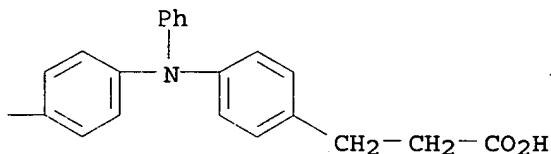
CN Benzenepropanoic acid, 4,4'-[2,6-naphthalenediylbis[(2-cyano-2,1-ethenediyl)-4,1-phenylene(phenylimino)]]bis-, polymer with 1,10-decanediol (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 64844-91-3  
 CMF C58 H44 N4 O4



PAGE 1-B



CM 2

CRN 112-47-0  
 CMF C10 H22 O2

HO-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>10</sub>-OH

CC 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes)  
 IT 64815-66-3 64815-67-4 64815-68-5 64815-69-6  
**64815-70-9 64815-71-0 64815-72-1 64815-73-2**  
 64815-74-3 64819-15-4 64819-17-6 64819-19-8 64819-21-2  
**64819-23-4 64819-24-5 64819-25-6 64819-26-7**  
 64819-27-8 64844-90-2 **64844-92-4** 64853-21-0  
 64853-22-1 64853-23-2 65294-99-7  
 (electrophotog. sensitizer, for organic photoconductive compns.)